CORPORATE PRESENTATION / APRIL 2021



ENHANCING FREE FUNDS FLOW WHILE RESPONSIBLY DEVELOPING OUR RESOURCES

Whitecap Profile – TSX: WCP		WHITECAP RESOURCES IN
	WCP	Pro Forma
 Shares Outstanding (MM) 		
– Basic	597.6	632.0
- Fully diluted	604.9	639.3
• Enterprise Value (\$B)	\$4.5	\$4.8
 Increased 2021 Guidance 		
- Production (boe/d)	102,500	108,000
– Capital (\$MM)	\$280 - \$300	\$355 - \$375
 Dividend per share (annual) 	\$0.1	8096
– Per share (monthly)	\$0.0	1508
Refer to slide Notes and Advisories.		

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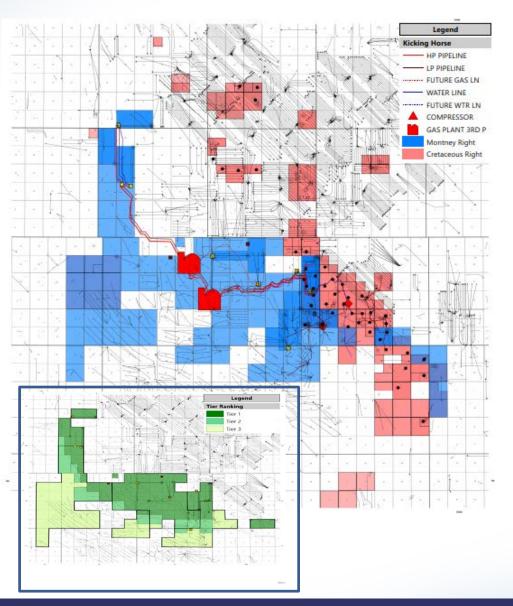
Strategic Acquisition – Kicking Horse



Top Tier Montney Inventory	 Adds 92 (60 net) high quality Montney sections Adds 575 (362 net) top tier drilling locations Well positioned in prolific liquids-rich area of Alberta Montney 		
Highly Accretive to Key 2022 Metrics	 10% Funds flow per share 9% Free funds flow per share 13% Discretionary funds flow per share 11% Production per share 		
Enhances Free Funds Flow	 Optimize at 18,000 – 19,000 boe/d in 12-15 months Generates \$72 million of free funds flow at US\$55/B WTI and C\$2.50/GJ AECO 		
Strong Transaction Metrics	 2.5x funds flow multiple \$19,000 per flowing boe \$9.50/boe cost of proved plus probable reserves 		
Clean Balance Sheet	 Debt to EBITDA remains at 1.2x Target \$200 million of debt repayment in 2021 		

Kicking Horse Summary





Asset Highlights:

- Production June December 2021: 9,500-10,000 boe/d
- 32% liquids of which 90% Is C5+
- 99% operated with 65% Avg. WI
- 92 (60 net) sections of Montney rights
- 92% of production is Montney

Infrastructure:

- 110 Km of owned and operated pipelines
- Take-or-pay easily met with current volumes
- Development plans supported by existing plant capacity

Kicking Horse Type Curves

Kakwa Region

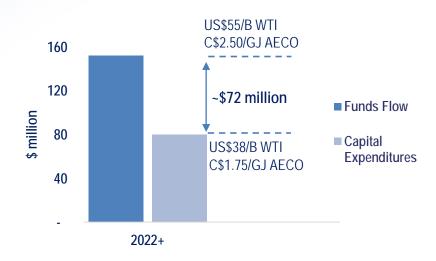
- Liquids-Rich Montney with significant offsetting activity
- High Pressure, high gas deliverability with significant free condensate
- Total inventory of 575 locations
 - Tier 1: 178 locations (77% South Kakwa)

Tier 1 Well Economics	– South	Kakwa	Tier 1 Well Economics	– North K	a
DCE&T costs (\$MM)		\$11	DCE&T costs (\$MM)		
P+P Reserves (Mboe)		1,531	P+P Reserves (Mboe)		
IP365 boe/d - Liquids %	1,429	34%	IP365 boe/d - Liquids %	1,051	
WTI (US\$/bbl)		\$55	WTI (US\$/bbl)		
AECO (C\$/GJ)		\$2.50	AECO (C\$/GJ)		
Payout (yrs.)		0.9	Payout (yrs.)		
NPV10 (\$MM)		\$12.1	NPV10 (\$MM)		
P/I		1.1	P/I		
IRR		132%	IRR		



Kicking Horse - Significant Free Funds Flow





- Current Production: 8,000 boe/d, increasing to 18,000 – 19,000 boe/d
- ~\$72 MM annual Free Funds Flow at US\$55/B and C\$2.50/GJ
- 20% Free Funds flow yield based on \$300 MM acquisition price and 2021 net capital spending of ~\$40 MM
- Free Funds Flow Break-even at US\$38/B and C\$1.75/GJ

	2021 ⁽¹⁾	2022	2023-2026
Average Production (boe/d)	5,500	18,500	18,500
(\$MM)			
Funds Flow	\$45	\$152	\$608
Capital Expenditures	(\$75)	(\$80)	(\$320)
Free Funds Flow	(\$30)	\$72	\$288
Cumulative Free Funds Flow ⁽²⁾	(\$40)	\$22	\$310



	Whitecap	Kicking Horse ⁽¹⁾	Pro Forma 2021
Average Production (boe/d) (\$MM)	102,500	5,500	108,000
Funds Flow	\$829	\$45	\$859
Capital Expenditures	\$290	\$75	\$365
Free Funds Flow	\$539	(\$30)	\$494
Dividends	\$105		\$109
Discretionary Funds Flow	\$434		\$385
Total Payout Ratio	48%		55%
Debt to EBITDA (run-rate)	1.2x		1.2x

Refer to slide Notes and Advisories. Corporate costs from the Acquisition incl. hedging and interest of \$15 million are excluded in the Kicking Horse forecasts and included in the pro forma forecasts.



Price Assumptions (Apr – Dec)				
Oil (US\$WTI)	\$40	\$50	\$60	\$70
FX (C\$/US\$)	0.76	0.78	0.80	0.82
Oil (C\$/bbl)	\$52.63	\$64.10	\$75.00	\$85.37
AECO (C\$/GJ)	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$2.50	\$2.50
Financial Impact				
(\$MM)	-			
Funds Flow	\$633	\$761	\$859	\$950
Per share	\$1.05	\$1.26	\$1.42	\$1.58
Free Funds Flow	\$268	\$396	\$494	\$585
Discretionary Funds Flow	\$159	\$287	\$385	\$476
Total Payout Ratio	75%	62%	55%	50%
Debt to EBITDA (run-rate)	1.9x	1.5x	1.2x	1.1x

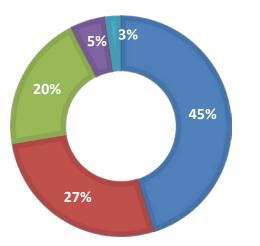
Disciplined Capital Allocation



2021 Objectives

- Maintain and strengthen balance sheet
 - Reduced net debt \$110 million in 2020 and target \$200 million in 2021
- Organic production per share growth of 3% to 5%
- Expand core operating regions through strategic transactions

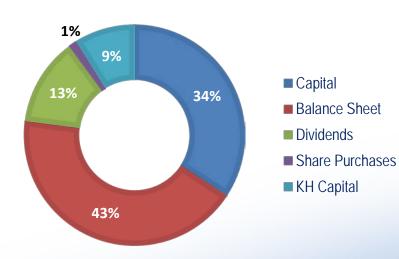
Funds Flow Allocation



2020 Actuals

2021 Pro Forma Target







		\$ millions	%
Business Unit	Primary Targets		
Eastern SK	CO ₂ Flood, Midale, Frobisher	87	24
Western SK	Atlas, Shaunavon, Viking	81	22
Central AB	Cardium, Ellerslie	44	12
Northern AB	Cardium, Charlie Lake, Montney	67	18
Kicking Horse	Montney	75	21
Capitalized G&A		11	3
Total		\$365	100%

\$365 million drilling 106 (85.8 net) wells

\$52 million (14%) allocated towards decline rate mitigation



• Strong credit profile and ample available liquidity

	2020 Actuals	2021 Estimate	Covenants
Debt / EBITDA	2.2x	1.2x	< 4.0x
EBITDA / Interest	11.2x	18x	> 3.5x
Net Debt	Total Cred	dit Unused (Capacity
\$1.2B	\$2.0B	\$0.	8B

- Bank Debt is a 4-year committed facility with annual 1 year extensions
- Average cost of debt 3.2%

Amount	Туре	Rate	Maturity
\$355 MM	Bank Debt – Variable	2.5%	2025
\$200 MM	Bank Debt – Fixed	3.6%	2025
\$595 MM	Sr. Notes – Fixed	3.6%	2022/2024/2026

Robust Hedge Portfolio

Objectives:

- Mitigate price volatility and protect economic returns
- Protect downside while providing significant upside participation

Oil hedges	1H/2021	2H/2021	1H/2022
Percent of production hedged	42%	41%	13%
Pro Forma	42%	42%	14%
Swaps hedged (bbls/d)	17,063	24,500	8,750
Average swap price (C\$/bbl)	\$61.76	\$66.61	\$65.96
Collars hedged (bbls/d)	10,771	4,500	1,000
Average collar price (C\$/bbl)	\$52.76 x \$67.22	\$52.56 x \$70.69	\$65.00 x \$81.05
Natural gas hedges	1H/2021	2H/2021	Q1/2022
Percent of production hedged	42%	35%	9%
Pro Forma	44%	44%	21%
Swaps hedged (GJ/d)	61,602	75,859	37,000
Average swap price (C\$/GJ)	\$2.46	\$2.18	\$2.26



Our Principles



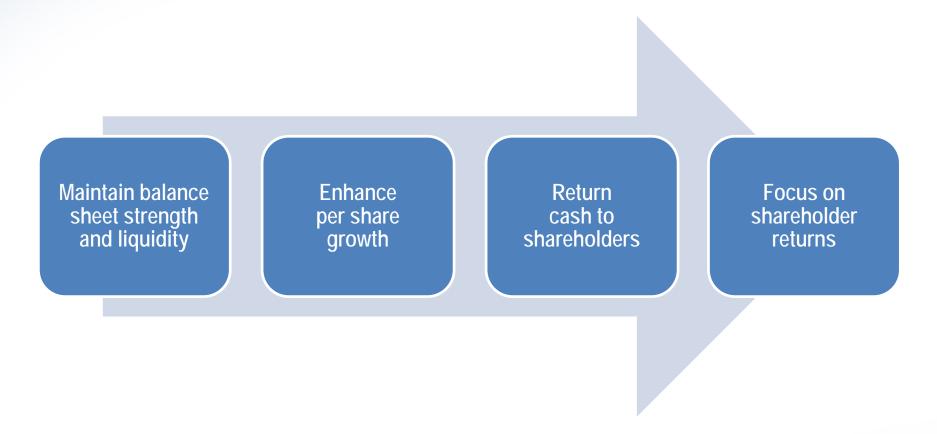




- ✓ Top Tier Balance Sheet: Low leverage with ample liquidity. Secured covenant-based credit facility not subject to annual redeterminations.
- ✓ Significant free funds flow profile: Premium assets characterized by high netback, low base production declines and strong capital efficiencies.
- ✓ Sustainable cash dividends: Dividend is 4.5x covered by free funds flow and represent only 13% of funds flow.
- ✓ Robust drilling inventory: 5,840 locations for organic growth and value creation.
- ✓ Leader in Sustainability: Net negative CO₂ emitter status

Our Priorities

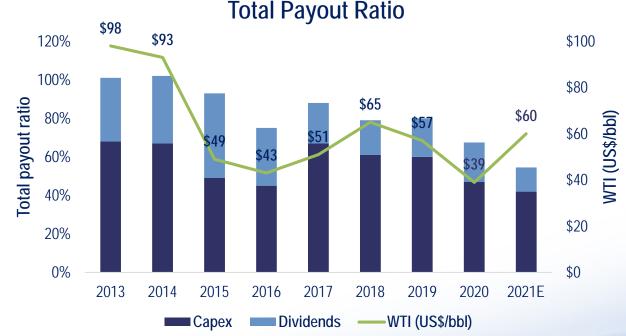




Whitecap is well positioned to accelerate new energy opportunities including carbon capture and storage

Disciplined Management Team

- Capital investment requires an acceptable Return on capital
- Return of capital is important but must be supported by funds flow
- Mitigate risk through balance sheet and hedging
- Track record of **Investing within funds flow**



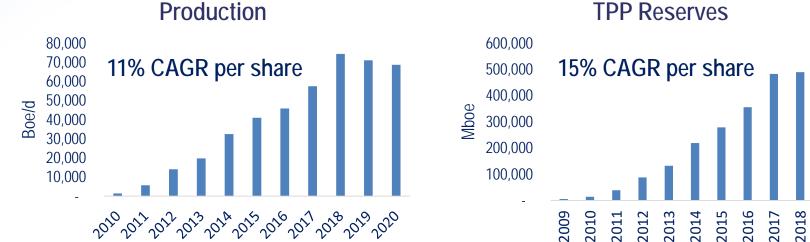
Refer to slide Notes and Advisories.

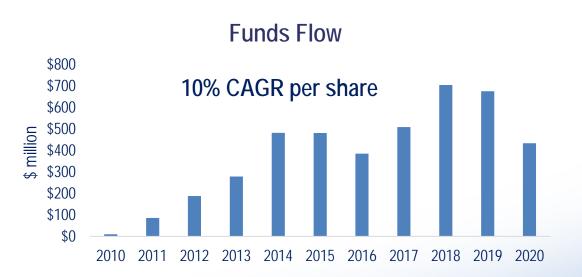
Track Record of Per Share Growth



2019

2020

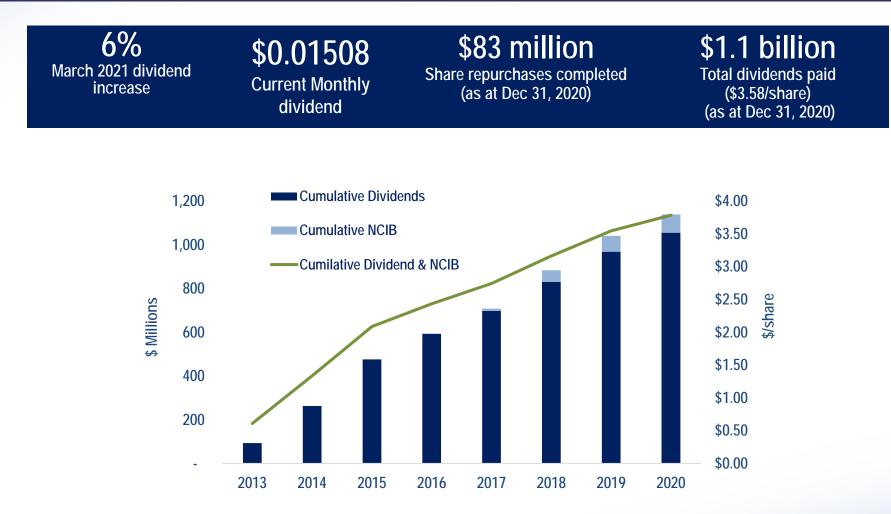




Refer to slide Notes and Advisories.

Returning Value to Shareholders





Sustainable Dividends

Environmental Sustainability



- We operate and are the majority owner of the largest Carbon Capture and Utilization Storage Project ("CCUS") in the world
- Annually Whitecap stores more CO₂ than we emit corporately, both direct and indirect



CO2 Storage & Emissions (tonnes/year)

How CO₂ Capture and Sequestration Works



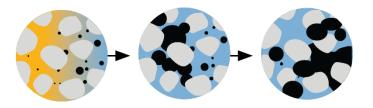
1. Collecting Waste Emissions CO₂ captured We purchase CO₂ from coal plants in Saskatchewan and North Dakota. Without the Weyburn Unit, the majority of CO₂ would oil to market 4 otherwise be released to the atmosphere. 2 liquified CO₂ injected CO₂ captured is equivalent to taking 7 million combustion water injected engine vehicles off the road per year 1,500m 2. Safe Injection of CO₂ impermeable caprock We inject CO₂ in liquid form at high pressure into the producing formation 1,500 meters underground. Injecting CO₂ deep underground safely stores carbon. , cross-sectior of CO₂ flood 1,500 meters is equivalent to 3X three times the height of the CN Tower in Toronto.

How CO₂ Capture and Sequestration Works



3. Sustainable Oil Production

The CO₂ acts likes a solvent to flush otherwise unrecoverable oil from pores in the rock. This results in incremental oil production that could not be achieved with conventional means.



CO₂ encounters trapped oil.

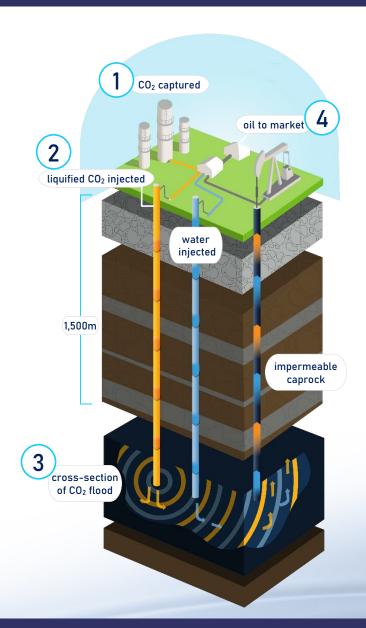
CO₂ and oil mix.

Oil expands and moves toward producing wells.

4. Extracting Valuable Products

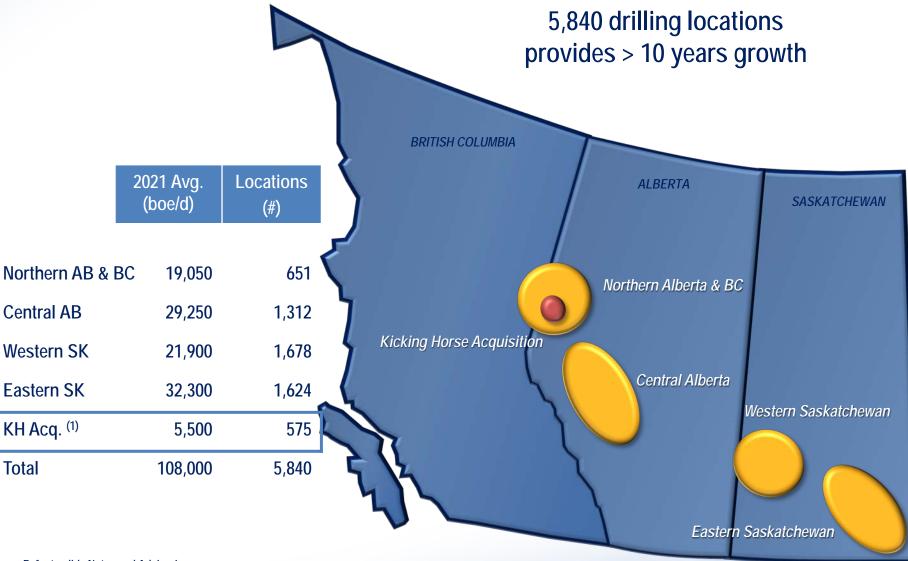
At the surface, oil and natural gas liquids are extracted for sale. The CO_2 produced during oil recovery is returned to the reservoir so that all injected CO_2 is permanently stored deep underground.



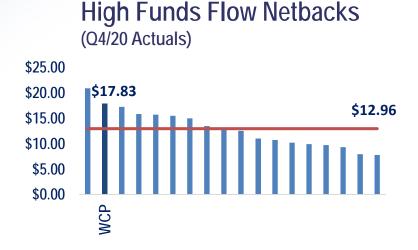


Core Areas of Operations









Higher netbacks generates higher funds flow

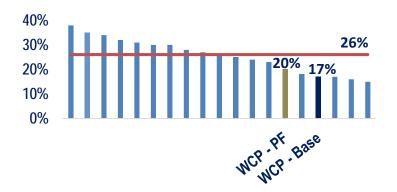
Strong Capital Efficiencies

- 5,840 locations for organic growth and value creation
- Balanced portfolio of high ROR projects with long term NPV growth

	WCP			Kicking Horse Acquisition		
	PDP	1P	2P	PDP	1P	2P
Reserves (MMboe)	306	497	703	11	59	89
NPV(10) \$MM	2,803	3,632	5,558	97	384	577

Refer to slide Notes and Advisories.

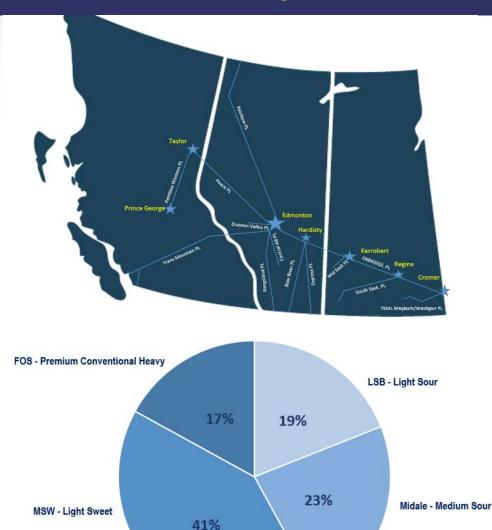
Low Production Decline Rate



Lower capital intensity drives higher free funds flow

Crude Oil Marketing





- Active seller and shipper on 7 oil feeder pipelines connected to Enbridge mainline
- 60% of production is protected from Enbridge apportionment – rail and direct sales to refineries
- Price diversification is a natural hedge

Research Coverage



- ATB Capital Markets
- BMO Capital Markets
- Canaccord Genuity
- CIBC World Markets
- Cormark Securities
- Desjardins Capital Markets
- Haywood Securities
- Industrial Alliance Securities

- National Bank Financial
- Peters & Co.
- Raymond James
- RBC Capital Markets
- Scotiabank Global
- STIFEL | FirstEnergy
- TD Securities
- Tudor Pickering Holt & Co.



TSX:WCP WHITECAP RESOURCES INC

www.wcap.ca

April 8, 2021

Slide Notes



Slide 2

- 1. Current shares outstanding as at April 1, 2021 and 7.3 million share awards outstanding.
- 2. Enterprise value is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 3. Enterprise value calculated based on common shares outstanding as at April 1, 2021, a share price of \$5.75 and year end 2021 net debt of approximately \$1.0 billion.
- 4. Pro forma shares outstanding include 34.5 million shares issued for the Acquisition and pro forma Enterprise value calculated based on pro forma shares outstanding, a share price of \$5.75 and pro forma year end 2021 net debt of approximately \$1.2 billion.
- 5. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on production.

Slide 3

- 1. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.
- 2. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 3. Discretionary funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 4. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on production.
- 5. Transaction metrics calculated based on 2022 estimated funds flow of \$152 million at US\$55/B WTI and C\$2.50/GJ AECO, production of 18,500 boe/d, with reserves including estimated FDC of \$542 million.
- 6. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 7. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 8. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).

Slide 4

1. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on production.

Slide 5

1. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.

Slide 6

- 1. The impact on 2021 is based on an estimated closing date of May 31, 2021 and therefore 2021 numbers do not represent full year 2021 average production, funds flow, capital investments and free funds flow.
- Cumulative free funds flow includes 2021 hedging losses from the Acquisition of \$10 million at US\$60/B WTI and C\$2.50/GJ AECO, and 2022 hedging losses of \$10 million at US\$55/B WTI and C\$2.50/GJ AECO
- 3. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 4. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on production.

Slide Notes



Slide 7

- 1. The impact of Kicking Horse on 2021 is based on an estimated closing date of May 31, 2021 and therefore 2021 numbers do not represent full year 2021 average production, funds flow, capital investments and free funds flow.
- 2. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on production.
- 3. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 4. Discretionary funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 5. Total payout ratio is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 6. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 7. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 8. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).

Slide 8

- 1. Commodity prices incorporate ~US\$57/B WTI, 0.79 C\$/US\$ FX and C\$2.96/GJ AECO for Q1/21 and the outlined price assumptions thereafter
- 2. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 3. Discretionary funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 4. Total payout ratio is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.
- 5. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 6. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 7. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).

Slide 11

- 1. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 2. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 3. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).
- 4. Fixed bank debt of 3.60% is based on the fixed 5-year CDOR rate of 1.554% plus the Company's current credit charge of 2.05%.
- 5. Variable bank debt of 2.50% is based on the current CDOR rate of 0.42% plus the Company's current credit charge of 2.05%.
- 6. Pro forma WCP net debt of \$1.2B is estimated as at December 31, 2021.
- 7. WCP EBITDA and interest expense used in the debt to EBITDA and EBITDA to interest calculations is based on the assumptions used for the 2021 forecast funds flow netback (\$/boe) used on slide 7 of this presentation as referenced in Non-GAAP Financial Measure in the Advisories.



Slide 12

1. Hedge positions current to April 1, 2021. Full hedge positions by product are:

WTI Crude Oil Term Volume (bbls/d) Bought Put Price (C\$/bbl) 0 Sold Call Price (C\$/bbl) 0 Swap Price (C\$/bbl) 0 Collar 2021 Jan - Jun 2021 Mar 9,000 54.67 67.52 (C\$/bbl) 0 (C\$/	31		5 1	71		
Collar 2021 Mar 500 45.00 66.10 Collar 2021 Mar - Jun 1,000 40.00 63.25 Collar 2021 Mar - Dec 1,500 45.00 67.32 Collar 2021 Jul - Dec 2,000 52.00 65.00 Collar 2021 Oct - Dec 2,000 65.00 87.13 Collar 2021 Jan - Jun 1,000 65.00 81.05 Swap 2021 Jan - Mar 9,000 54.40 58.25 Swap 2021 Jan - Jun 4,000 58.25 57.79 Swap 2021 Jan - Dec 1,500 68.22 54.40 Swap 2021 Jan - Dec 1,500 74.88 58.25 Swap 2021 Jul - Sep 8,000 74.88 58.22 Swap 2021 Jul - Dec 14,000 65.18 51.10 Swap 2021 Jul - Dec 75.00 52.11 52.11 MSW ⁽⁰⁾ 2022 Jan - Jun 6,000 52.11 52.11 MSW ⁽⁰⁾	WTI Crude Oil	Term				
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Collar 2021 Oct - Dec 2,000 65.00 87.13 Collar 2022 Jan - Jun 1,000 65.00 81.05 Swap 2021 Jan - Mar 9,000 54.40 Swap 2021 Jan - Jun 4,000 582.5 Swap 2021 Jan - Dec 1,500 57.79 Swap 2021 Apr - Jun 15,500 68.22 Swap 2021 Jul - Sep 8,000 74.88 Swap 2021 Oct - Dec 2,000 65.18 Swap 2021 Oct - Dec 2,000 75.00 Swap 2022 Jan - Jun 6,000 67.01 Swap 2022 Jan - Dec 750 52.11 MSW ⁽ⁱ⁾ Z022 Jan - Dec 750 52.11 MSW ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Term Volume (bbls/d) Swap Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽ⁱ⁾ Swap 2021 Jan - Jun 5,500 US\$4.65 Swap Swap 2021 Jan - Jun 8,000 C\$5.34 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul - Sep 5,500 US\$4.38	Collar	2021 Mar – Dec	1,500	45.00	67.32	
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Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 14,000 65.18 Swap 2021 Oct – Dec 2,000 75.00 Swap ^(v) 2022 Jan – Jun 6,000 67.01 Swap 2022 Jan – Dec 750 52.11 MSW ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Uolume (bbls/d) Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽ⁱ⁾ Swap 2021 Jan – Dec 4,000 C\$6.25 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 5,500 US\$4.65 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 8,000 C\$5.34 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap	2021 Apr - Jun	15,500			68.22
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Swap 2022 Jan – Jun 6,000 67.01 Swap 2022 Jan – Dec 750 52.11 MSW(®) Term Volume (bbls/d) Swap Price (\$/bbl) Swap Price (\$/bbl) Swap 2021 Jan – Dec 4,000 C\$6.25 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 5,500 US\$4.65 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 8,000 C\$5.34 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap ^(iv)	2021 Jul – Dec	14,000			65.18
Swap 2022 Jan – Dec 750 52.11 MSW ⁽⁰⁾ Differential Term Volume (bbls/d) Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽⁰⁾ Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽⁰⁾ Swap 2021 Jan – Dec 4,000 C\$6.25 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 5,500 US\$4.65 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15		2021 Oct – Dec	2,000			75.00
MSW ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Differential Term Volume (bbls/d) Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽ⁱ⁾ Swap 2021 Jan – Dec 4,000 C\$6.25 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 5,500 US\$4.65 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 8,000 C\$5.34 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap ^(v)	2022 Jan – Jun	6,000			67.01
Differential Term (bbls/d) (\$/bbl)	Swap	2022 Jan – Dec	750			52.11
Swap 2021 Jan – Dec 4,000 C\$6.25 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 5,500 US\$4.65 Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 8,000 C\$5.34 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	MSW ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾		Volume			
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Swap 2021 Jan – Jun 8,000 C\$5.34 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap	2021 Jan – Dec	4,000			C\$6.25
Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,500 US\$4.38 Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap	2021 Jan – Jun	5,500			US\$4.65
Swap 2021 Jul – Sep 5,000 C\$5.11 Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap	2021 Jan – Jun	8,000			C\$5.34
Swap 2021 Jul – Dec 3,000 C\$6.15	Swap	2021 Jul – Sep	5,500			US\$4.38
•	Swap	2021 Jul - Sep	5,000			C\$5.11
Swap 2021 Oct – Dec 2,000 C\$6.00	Swap	2021 Jul - Dec	3,000			C\$6.15
	Swap	2021 Oct - Dec	2,000			C\$6.00



Slide 12

Swap

1. Hedge positions current to April 1, 2021. Full hedge positions by product are:

2022 Jan – Dec

WCS ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ Differential	Term	Volume (bbls/d)	Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽ⁱ⁾
Swap	2021 Jan – Jun	3,000	C\$15.33
Swap	2021 Apr – Jun	1,000	C\$16.00
Swap	2021 Jul – Sep	2,000	C\$17.85
Swap	2021 Jul – Sep	2,500	US\$12.25
Swap	2021 Oct - Dec	4,000	C\$16.74
Swap	2022 Jan – Dec	3,000	C\$15.32
Natural Gas	Term	Volume (GJ/d)	Swap Price (C\$/GJ) ⁽ⁱ⁾
Swap	2021 Jan – Mar	29,000	2.82
Swap	2021 Jan – Dec	50,000	2.02
Swap	2021 Apr – Sep	9,000	2.61
Swap	2021 Apr – Oct	26,000	2.40
Swap	2021 Nov – 2022 Mar	12,000	2.89

25,000

1.95



Slide 12 (cont'd)

1. Hedge positions current to April 1, 2021. Full hedge positions by product are (cont'd):

<u>Notes</u>

- (i) Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.
- (ii) Mixed Sweet Blend ("MSW")
- (iii) Western Canadian Select ("WCS")
- (iv) 4,000 bbls/d are extendable through the second half of 2021, as a swap, with a price of C\$64.55/bbl at the option of the counterparties through the exercise of a one-time option on June 30, 2021.
- (v) 2,000 bbls/d are extendable through the first half of 2022, as a swap, with a price of C\$68.00/bbl at the option of the counterparty through the exercise of a one-time option on December 31, 2021.
- 2. Percent of net royalty volumes hedged are based on base Whitecap production of 102,500 boe/d for 2021 and 102,000 boe/d for 2022. Percent of net royalty volumes hedged are based on pro forma production of 108,000 boe/d for 2021 and 120,500 boe/d for 2022. See oil and gas advisory for additional information on production.

Slide 13

- 1. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 2. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
- 3. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).

Slide 14

- 1. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.
- 2. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP measure. See *Non-GAAP Financial Measures* in the Advisories.

Slide 16

1. Total payout ratio is a non-GAAP measure. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures in the Advisories.

Slide 17

- 1. Reserves for 2010-2020 are based on McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd.'s ("McDaniel") reserves evaluation reports effective December 31 of the respective year in accordance with NI 51-101 and the COGE Handbook.
- 2. For production and TPP reserves, the constituent product types and their respective quantities may be found in the Annual Information Form for the respective year, copies of which may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).
- 3. CAGR is the compound annual growth rate representing the measure of annual growth over multiple time periods.



Slide 19

1. CO₂ emissions and storage are based on gross operated numbers. Whitecap has a 65.3% operated working interest in the Weyburn Unit.

Slide 20

- 1. CO₂ emissions and storage are based on gross operated numbers. Whitecap has a 65.3% operated working interest in the Weyburn Unit.
- 2. A copy of the Canadian Council of Forest Ministers fact sheet may be accessed through the Sustainable Forest Management in Canada website (www.sfmcanada.org).

Slide 22

1. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.

Slide 23

- 1. Funds flow netbacks per CanOils.
- 2. Decline rates per National Bank Financial research.
- 3. Peers include AAV, ARX, BTE, BIR, CNQ, CVE, CPG, ERF, MEG, NVA, OVV, POU, PEY, VII, SU, TOU, and VET.
- 4. See Oil and Gas Advisory in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.
- 5. Reserves and NPV(10) amounts for Whitecap are the arithmetic sum of the respective amounts found in the reserves evaluations of McDaniel of our oil and natural gas assets effective December 31, 2020, McDaniel of NAL's oil and natural gas assets effective December 31, 2020, and Sproule Associates Limited ("Sproule") of TORC's oil and natural gas assets effective December 31, 2020
- 6. Reserves and NPV(10) amounts for Kicking Horse are based on Whitecap's internal evaluation effective April 1, 2021.

Advisories



Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Forward-Looking Information

This presentation contains forward-looking statements and forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Such forward looking statements or information are provided for the purpose of providing information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future. The use of any of the words "expect", "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "objective", "ongoing", "may", "will", "project", "should", "believe", "plans", "intends" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking information or statements. More particularly and without limitation, this presentation includes forward-looking information and statements about our strategy, plans, objective, focus and priorities; 2021 production and capital guidance and the allocation thereof; pro forma 2021 and 2022 information relating to the Kicking Horse acquisition; the anticipated benefits to be derived from the Kicking Horse acquisition, including: (i) that the Kicking Horse acquisition is highly accretive to 20202 per share metrics, (ii) that the Kicking Horse acquisition enhances free funds flow,(iii) that debt to EBITDA will remain at 1.2x, (iv) targeted debt repayment of \$200 million in 2021, and (v) that development plans are supported by existing plant capacity; 2021 objectives; 2021 target funds flow allocation; 2021 funds flow, free funds flow, dividends, discretionary funds flow, total payout ratio and debt to EBITDA; the number of wells to be drilled in 2021; hedging objectives and the benefits to be derived from our hedging program; and being well positioned to accelerate internal opportunities including carbon capture utilization and storage. Statements relating to "reserves" are also deemed to be forward-looking statements, as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions, that the reserves described exist in the quantities predicted or estimated and that the reserves can be profitably produced in the future..

The forward-looking statements and information are based on certain key expectations and assumptions which have been used to develop such statements and information but which may prove to be incorrect. Although Whitecap believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements or information are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking statements because Whitecap can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. In addition to other factors and assumptions which may be identified in this presentation, assumptions have been made regarding, among other things: general economic conditions in Canada, the United States and elsewhere; prevailing commodity prices, exchange rates, interest rates, applicable royalty rates and tax laws; the impact (and the duration thereof) that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on (i) the demand for crude oil, NGLs and natural gas; (ii) our supply chain, including our ability to obtain the equipment and services we require, and (iii) our ability to produce, transport and/or sell our crude oil, NGLs and natural gas; the ability of OPEC+ nations and other major producers of crude oil to reduce crude oil production and thereby arrest and reverse the steep decline in world crude oil prices; future production rates and estimates of operating costs; performance of existing and future wells; reserve volumes; anticipated timing and results of capital expenditures; the success obtained in drilling new wells; the sufficiency of budgeted capital expenditures in carrying out planned activities; the timing, location and extent of future drilling operations; the state of the economy and the exploration and production business; results of operations; performance; business prospects and opportunities; the availability and cost of financing, labour and services; the impact of increasing competition; ability to efficiently integrate assets and employees acquired through acquisitions, ability to market oil and natural gas successfully; our abi



Since forward-looking statements and information address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. These include, but are not limited to: the risks associated with the oil and gas industry in general such as operational risks in development, exploration and production; delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures; the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to reserves, production, costs and expenses; health, safety and environmental risks; commodity price and exchange rate fluctuations; interest rate fluctuations; marketing and transportation; loss of markets; environmental risks; competition; incorrect assessment of the value of acquisitions; failure to complete or realize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions or dispositions; ability to access sufficient capital from internal and external sources; failure to obtain required regulatory and other approvals; reliance on third parties and pipeline systems; and changes in legislation, including but not limited to tax laws, production curtailment, royalties and environmental regulations. Our actual results, performance or achievement could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking information and, accordingly, no assurance can be given that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking information will transpire or occur, or if any of them do so, what benefits that we will derive therefrom. Management has included the above summary of assumptions and risks related to forward-looking information provided in this press release in order to provide security holders with a more complete perspective on our future operations and such information may not be appropriate for other purposes.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. Additional information on these and other factors that could affect our operations or financial results are included in reports on file with applicable securities regulatory authorities and may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com). The forward-looking statements and information contained in this presentation are made as of the date hereof and Whitecap undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless so required by applicable securities laws.

In addition, this presentation contains certain forward-looking information relating to economics for drilling opportunities in the areas that Whitecap has an interest. Such information includes, but is not limited to, anticipated payout rates, rates of return, profit to investment ratios and recycle ratios which are based on additional various forward looking information such as production rates, anticipated well performance and type curves, the estimated net present value of the anticipated future net revenue associated with the wells, anticipated reserves, anticipated capital costs, anticipated finding and development costs, anticipated ultimate reserves recoverable, anticipated future realized hedging gains and losses, anticipated future royalties, operating expenses, and transportation expenses.

This corporate presentation contains future-oriented financial information and financial outlook information (collectively, "FOFI") about Whitecap's 2021 capital expenditures, funds flow, free funds flow, dividends, discretionary funds flow, total payout ratio and debt to EBITDA all of which are subject to the same assumptions, risk factors, limitations, and qualifications as set forth in the above paragraphs. The actual results of operations of Whitecap and the resulting financial results will likely vary from the amounts set forth in this presentation and such variation may be material. Whitecap and its management believe that the FOFI has been prepared on a reasonably basis, reflecting management's best estimates and judgments. However, because this information is subjective and subject to numerous risks, it should not be relied on as necessarily indicative of future results. Except as required by applicable securities laws, Whitecap undertakes no obligation to update such FOFI. FOFI contained in this presentation was made as of the date of this presentation and was provided for the purpose of providing further information about Whitecap's anticipated future business operations. Readers are cautioned that the FOFI contained in this presentation should not be used for purposes other than for which it is disclosed herein.

Additionally, readers are advised that historical results, growth and acquisitions described in this presentation may not be reflective of future results, growth and acquisitions with respect to Whitecap.



The assumptions used for the 2021 and 2022-2026 forecast funds flow netbacks (\$/boe) used on slide 6 of this presentation are as follows:

	2021	2022-2026
Petroleum and natural gas revenues	33.35	32.60
Royalties	(3.20)	(2.75)
Operating expenses	(7.65)	(7.35)
Transportation expenses	-	-



The assumptions used for the 2021 forecast funds flow netbacks (\$/boe) used on slide 7 of this presentation are as follows:

	WCP	Kicking Horse	Pro Forma
Petroleum and natural gas revenues	52.46	33.35	51.34
Tariffs	(0.35)	-	(0.35)
Processing income	0.85	-	0.82
Blending revenue	-	-	-
Realized hedging losses	(2.50)	-	(2.66)
Royalties	(8.75)	(3.20)	(8.50)
Operating expenses	(14.25)	(7.65)	(13.75)
Transportation expenses	(2.00)	-	(1.90)
Blending expenses	-	-	-
General and administrative expenses	(1.00)	-	(1.00)
Interest and financing expenses	(1.45)	-	(1.40)
Cash settled share awards	(0.35)	-	(0.32)
Transaction costs	(0.25)	-	(0.25)
Decommissioning liabilities	(0.25)	-	(0.23)



The assumptions used for the sensitivities on slide 10 in this presentation are as follows:

WTI (US\$/bbl) (Apr – Dec)	\$40.00	\$50.00	\$60.00	\$70.00
Petroleum and natural gas revenues	38.71	45.13	51.34	57.04
Tariffs	(0.35)	(0.35)	(0.35)	(0.35)
Processing income	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.82
Blending revenue	-	-	-	-
Realized hedging gains (losses)	1.22	(0.55)	(2.66)	(4.76)
Royalties	(5.50)	(6.90)	(8.50)	(9.80)
Operating expenses	(13.75)	(13.75)	(13.75)	(13.75)
Transportation expenses	(1.90)	(1.90)	(1.90)	(1.90)
Blending expenses	-	-	-	-
General and administrative expenses	(1.00)	(1.00)	(1.00)	(1.00)
Interest and financing expenses	(1.40)	(1.40)	(1.40)	(1.40)
Cash settled share awards	(0.32)	(0.32)	(0.32)	(0.32)
Transaction costs	(0.25)	(0.25)	(0.25)	(0.25)
Decommissioning liabilities	(0.23)	(0.23)	(0.23)	(0.23)



Oil and Gas Advisory

Barrel of Oil Equivalency

"Boe" means barrel of oil equivalent on the basis of 6 mcf of natural gas to 1 bbl of oil. Boe's may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A boe conversion ratio of 6 mcf to 1 bbl is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. In addition, given that the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil as compared to natural gas is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6 to 1, utilizing a conversion on a 6 to 1 basis may be misleading as an indication of value.

Drilling Locations

This presentation also discloses drilling inventory in three categories: (i) proved locations; (ii) probable locations and (iii) unbooked locations. Proved locations and probable locations are derived from the reserves evaluations of McDaniel of our oil and natural gas assets effective December 31, 2020, McDaniel of NAL's oil and natural gas assets effective December 31, 2020, Sproule of TORC's oil and natural gas assets effective December 31, 2020 and Whitecap's internal evaluation of Kicking Horse's oil and natural gas assets at April 1, 2021 and account for drilling locations that have associated proved and/or probable reserves, as applicable. Unbooked locations are internal estimates based on our prospective acreage and an assumption as to the number of wells that can be drilled based on industry practice and internal review. Unbooked locations will result in additional oil and gas reserves, resources or production. The drilling locations on which we actually drill wells will ultimately depend upon the availability of capital, regulatory approvals, seasonal restrictions, oil and natural gas prices, costs, actual drilling results, additional reservoir information that is obtained and other factors. While some of the unbooked drilling locations have been de-risked by drilling in relative close proximity to such unbooked drilling locations, other unbooked drilling locations are farther away from existing wells where management has less information about the characteristics of the reservoir and therefore there is more uncertainty whether wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty that such wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty whether wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty whether wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty that such wells will be drilled in such locations and if drilled there is more uncertainty that such wells will be drilled in such l

	Total Drilling Inventory	Proved Locations	Probable Locations	Unbooked Locations
Northern Alberta & BC	651	206	52	393
Central Alberta	1,312	333	86	893
Western Saskatchewan	1,678	831	50	797
Eastern Saskatchewan	1,624	368	117	1,139
Kicking Horse Acquisition	575	47	23	505
Total	5,840	1,785	328	3,727

The following table provides a detailed breakdown of the current Whitecap gross drilling locations included in this presentation:



Production

References to crude oil or natural gas production in the following table and elsewhere in this presentation refer to the light and medium crude oil and conventional natural gas, respectively, product types as defined in National Instrument 51-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities* ("NI 51-101").

Disclosure of production on a per boe basis in this presentation consists of the constituent product types and their respective quantities disclosed in the following table.

	Crude Oil/Condensate (bbls/d)	NGLs (bbls/d)	Natural Gas (Mcf/d)	Total (boe/d)
2021 Guidance - Northern AB & BC	11,250	1,900	35,400	19,050
2021 Guidance - Central AB	10,275	5,825	78,900	29,250
2021 Guidance - Western SK	19,975	205	10,320	21,900
2021 Guidance - Eastern SK	29,750	1,270	7,680	32,300
2021 Guidance – WCP	71,250	9,200	132,300	102,500
2021 Guidance – Kicking Horse	1,600	200	22,200	5,500
2021 Guidance – Pro Forma	72,850	9,400	154,500	108,000
Kicking Horse – 2022-2026	5,800 - 6,200	650 – 750	69,300 - 72,300	18,000 – 19,000
Kicking Horse – June – December 2021	2,750 – 2,900	350 – 370	38,400 - 40,380	9,500-10,000
Kicking Horse - Current	2,300	275	32,550	8,000



Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation includes discretionary funds flow, enterprise value, free funds flow, market capitalization and total payout ratio which are non-GAAP measures. Non-GAAP measures do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS" or, alternatively, "GAAP") and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures by other companies.

"Discretionary funds flow" represents funds flow less expenditures on property, plant and equipment ("PP&E") and dividends. Management believes that free funds flow provides a useful measure of Whitecap's ability to increase returns to shareholders and to grow the Company's business.

"Enterprise value" is calculated as market capitalization plus net debt. Management believes that enterprise value provides a useful measure of the market value of Whitecap's debt and equity.

"Free funds flow" represents funds flow less expenditures on PP&E. Management believes that free funds flow provides a useful measure of Whitecap's ability to increase returns to shareholders and to grow the Company's business. Previously, Whitecap also deducted dividends paid or declared in the calculation of free funds flow. The Company believes the change in presentation better allows comparison with both dividend paying and non-dividend paying peers.

"Market capitalization" is calculated as period end share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the period. Management believes that market capitalization provides a useful measure of the market value of Whitecap's equity.

"Total payout ratio" is calculated as dividends paid or declared plus expenditures on PP&E, divided by funds flow. Management believes that total payout ratio provides a useful measure of Whitecap's capital reinvestment and dividend policy, as a percentage of the amount of funds flow.