CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (unaudited)

| As at (CAD \$000s) | September 30 2018 | December 31 2017 |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Accounts receivable | 175,298 | 139,612 |
| Deposits and prepaid expenses | 17,420 | 10,982 |
| Risk management contracts [Notes 4 & 5] | 4,090 | 11,056 |
| Total current assets | 196,808 | 161,650 |
| Property, plant and equipment [Notes 6 & 7] | 5,399,198 | 5,335,004 |
| Exploration and evaluation [Notes 6 & 8] | 10,199 | 10,790 |
| Investment in limited partnership [Note 9] | 7,585 | 7,585 |
| Goodwill [Note 10] | 122,682 | 122,682 |
| Risk management contracts [Notes 4 & 5] | , <u>-</u> | 215 |
| Deferred income tax | 405,912 | 323,421 |
| Total assets | 6,142,384 | 5,961,347 |
| Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Dividends payable Pick management contracts [Notes 4 8 5] | 228,909 11,244 | 152,026 10,242 |
| Risk management contracts [Notes 4 & 5] Total current liabilities | 112,274 352,427 | 49,017 211,285 |
| | | 211,200 |
| Risk management contracts [Notes 4 & 5] | 25,393 | 1,548 |
| Long-term debt [Note 11] | 1,240,824 | 1,284,232 |
| Decommissioning liability [Note 12] | 683,686 | 683,015 |
| Deferred income tax | 552,803 | 448,134 |
| Total liabilities | 2,855,133 | 2,628,214 |
| Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Share capital [Note 13] | 3,881,105 | 3,889,255 |
| Contributed surplus [Note 13] | 36,452 | 33,662 |
| Deficit | (630,306) | (589,784) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 3,287,251 | 3,333,133 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | 6,142,384 | 5,961,347 |

Commitments (Note 17)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Approved on behalf of the Board:

(signed) "Stephen C. Nikiforuk" (signed) "Grant B. Fagerheim"

Stephen C. Nikiforuk Grant B. Fagerheim Director Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three and nine months ended September 30 (unaudited)

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| | September 30 | | | eptember 30 |
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| (0.17 4.00 | | (Revised) | | (Revised) |
| (CAD \$000s, except per share amounts) | | [Note 3(a)] | | [Note 3(a)] |
| | | | | |
| Revenue | 445.040 | 005.055 | 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 | 700.040 |
| Petroleum and natural gas sales [Note 14] | 445,648 | 235,255 | 1,246,388 | 722,849 |
| Royalties | (78,325) | (31,398) | (222,505) | (103,878) |
| Petroleum and natural gas sales, net of royalties | 367,323 | 203,857 | 1,023,883 | 618,971 |
| Other Income | (40.000) | (0.570) | (404.044) | 74 775 |
| Net gain (loss) on commodity and FX contracts [Note 5] | (18,269) | (8,573) | (191,911) | 74,775 |
| Total revenue and other income | 349,054 | 195,284 | 831,972 | 693,746 |
| F | | | | |
| Expenses | 00 444 | E0 074 | 244 500 | 100 100 |
| Operating | 83,141 | 58,871 | 244,508 | 169,196 |
| Transportation | 15,211 | 9,863 | 44,132 | 23,665 |
| Blending General and administrative | 1,641 | - | 4,048 | - |
| | 7,636 | 6,924 | 24,608 | 20,321 |
| Stock-based compensation [Note 13] | 3,885 | 3,833 | 14,329 | 13,317 |
| Transaction costs | 42.004 | - - 026 | 200 | - 20.10E |
| Interest and financing | 12,904 | 5,926 | 39,201 | 20,195 |
| Accretion of decommissioning liabilities [Note 12] | 4,517 | 4,265 | 12,219 | 11,077 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization [Note 7] | 124,076 | 98,773 397 | 361,951 | 284,552 1,912 |
| Exploration and evaluation [Note 8] | 10 | 397 | 875 | • |
| Net (gain) loss on asset dispositions [Note 7] | 1,362 | 100.050 | 1,260 | (944) |
| Total expenses | 254,383 | 188,852 | 747,331 | 543,291 |
| Income before income taxes | 04 674 | 6,432 | 04 644 | 150 155 |
| | 94,671 | 0,432 | 84,641 | 150,455 |
| Taxes Deferred income tax expense | 25,139 | 2,743 | 26,479 | 42,694 |
| • | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Net income and other comprehensive income | 69,532 | 3,689 | 58,162 | 107,761 |
| Not become Day Obaya (Makaya) (Note 45) | | | | |
| Net Income Per Share (\$/share) [Note 15] | 0.47 | 0.04 | 0.44 | 0.00 |
| Basic | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.29 |
| Diluted | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.29 |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine months ended September 30 (unaudited)

| (CAD \$000s) | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | | |
| Share Capital [Note 13(b)] | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | 3,889,255 | 3,452,671 |
| Common shares repurchased [Note 13(c)] | (25,473) | (3,980) |
| Contributed surplus adjustment on vesting of share awards | 17,323 | 23,805 |
| Balance, end of period | 3,881,105 | 3,472,496 |
| Contributed Surplus [Note 13(e)] | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | 33,662 | 40,412 |
| Award incentive plan | 20,124 | 19,538 |
| Share award vesting | (17,323) | (23,805) |
| Common shares repurchased [Note 13(c)] | (11) | (6) |
| Balance, end of period | 36,452 | 36,139 |
| Deficit | | |
| Balance, beginning of year | (589,784) | (360,890) |
| Net income and other comprehensive income | 58,162 | 107,761 |
| Dividends | (98,684) | (77,450) |
| Balance, end of period | (630,306) | (330,579) |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the three and nine months ended September 30 (unaudited)

| | Three months ended September 30 | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| (CAD \$000s) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Operating Activities | | | | |
| Net income for the period | 69,532 | 3,689 | 58,162 | 107,761 |
| Items not affecting cash: | ,,,,,, | -, | , | - , - |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization [Note 7] | 124,076 | 98,773 | 361,951 | 284,552 |
| Exploration and evaluation [Note 8] | 10 | 397 | 875 | 1,912 |
| Deferred income tax expense | 25,139 | 2,743 | 26,479 | 42,694 |
| Stock-based compensation [Note 13] | 3,885 | 3,833 | 14,329 | 13,317 |
| Accretion of decommissioning liabilities [Note 12] | 4,517 | 4,265 | 12,219 | 11,077 |
| Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management contracts [Note 5] | (21,778) | 6,060 | 94,283 | (93,553) |
| Net (gain) loss on asset dispositions [Note 7] | 1,362 | - | 1,260 | (944) |
| Settlement of decommissioning liabilities [Note 12] | (1,748) | (781) | (3,948) | (1,732) |
| Net change in non-cash working capital items [Note 16] | (18,800) | (18,716) | 4,080 | (3,197) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 186,195 | 100,263 | 569,690 | 361,887 |
| Financing Activities | | | | |
| Increase (decrease) in long-term debt | (40,700) | 41,458 | (43,408) | 29,013 |
| Common shares repurchased [Note 13] | (8,414) | (877) | (25,484) | (3,986) |
| Dividends | (33,778) | (25,851) | (98,684) | (77,450) |
| Net change in non-cash working capital items [Note 16] | (28) | 1 | 1,002 | 34 |
| Cash flow from (used in) financing activities | (82,920) | 14,731 | (166,574) | (52,389) |
| Investing Activities | | | | |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment | (114,955) | (90,033) | (364,014) | (282,063) |
| Expenditures on property acquisitions | (18,369) | (24,962) | (20,092) | (28,378) |
| Cash from property dispositions | 6,105 | - | 7,892 | 2,054 |
| Expenditures on corporate acquisitions net of cash acquired [Note 6] | (753) | - | (58,223) | - |
| Partnership investment income received [Note 9] | - | 142 | - | 422 |
| Net change in non-cash working capital items [Note 16] | 24,697 | (141) | 31,321 | (1,533) |
| Cash flow used in investing activities | (103,275) | (114,994) | (403,116) | (309,498) |
| Change in cash, during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Cash, beginning of year | - | - | - | - |
| Cash, end of year | - | - | - | = |
| Cash Interest Paid | 11,037 | 8,754 | 37,447 | 21,810 |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2018 (unaudited)

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

Whitecap Resources Inc. (also referred to herein as "Whitecap" or the "Company") is a Calgary based oil and gas company that is engaged in the business of acquiring, developing and holding interests in petroleum and natural gas properties and assets. Whitecap's common shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol WCP. The Company's principal place of business is located at 3800, 525 – 8th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 1G1.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, specifically International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are condensed as they do not include all of the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements, and they should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The policies applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued and outstanding as at October 30, 2018, the date the Board of Directors approved these statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual audited consolidated financial statements except as discussed below. The interim consolidated financial statements note disclosures do not include all of those required by IFRS applicable for annual consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, these interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

a) Changes in Accounting Policies

i) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9")

Whitecap retrospectively applied the requirements of IFRS 9 on January 1, 2018 and the adoption did not result in a change in the carrying value of any of the Company's financial instruments on transition date.

IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: recognition and measurement* ("IAS 39"). The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9, and IFRS 9 has introduced a single expected credit loss impairment model, which is based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition. The adoption of the expected credit loss impairment model did not result in a material change on the financial statements of the Company, however, there are additional required disclosures which have been included in Note 5.

IFRS 9 also contains a new hedge accounting model, however, the Company did not apply hedge accounting to any of its commodity price risk management contracts. In addition, IFRS 9 includes amended guidance for the classification and measurement of financial assets by introducing a fair value through other comprehensive income category for certain debt instruments. Whitecap does not have any investments in debt instruments for which this guidance applies to.

ii) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15")

Whitecap adopted the requirements of IFRS 15 on January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. Whitecap management reviewed its revenue streams and major contracts with customers using the IFRS 15 five step model and there were no material changes to net earnings or timing of petroleum and natural gas sales revenue recognized. As part of the adoption of the standard, Whitecap has used the practical expedient to not restate contracts that are completed contracts at the beginning of the earliest period presented. Refer to Note 14 for more information including additional disclosures as required under IFRS 15.

Revenue from the sale of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids is measured based on the consideration specified in contracts with customers. Whitecap recognizes revenue when control of the product transfers to the buyer and collection is reasonably assured. This is generally at the point in time when the customer obtains legal title to the product which is when it is physically transferred to the pipeline or other transportation method agreed upon. Revenues from processing activities are recognized over time as processing occurs and are generally billed monthly.

Whitecap has applied the practical expedient to recognize revenue in the amount to which the Company has the right to invoice. As such, no disclosure is included relating to the amount of transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations and when these amounts are expected to be recognized as revenue.

b) Standards Issued but not yet Effective

The Company has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements listed below that have been issued but are not yet effective. There are no other standards or interpretations issued, but not yet adopted, that are anticipated to have a material effect on the reported income or net assets of the Company.

i) IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16")

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016 and replaces IAS 17 *Leases* and related interpretations. The standard is required to be adopted either retrospectively or by recognizing the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 16 as an adjustment to opening equity at the date of initial application. IFRS 16 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with earlier adoption permitted if IFRS 15 has also been adopted. IFRS 16 requires lessees to recognize a lease obligation and right-of-use asset for the majority of leases. Whitecap is currently evaluating the impact of the standard including identifying and reviewing contracts that are impacted. The Company expects that the standard will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements. On adoption, non-current assets, current liabilities, and non-current liabilities on Whitecap's consolidated balance sheet will increase. Interest expense will be recognized on the lease obligation and lease payments will be applied against the lease obligation.

4. DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

The Company's financial instruments recorded at fair value require disclosure about how the fair value was determined based on significant levels of inputs described in the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and value to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices in Level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations for commodity, interest and foreign exchange ("FX") contracts are based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, forward interest rates and forward exchange rates, respectively, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the market place.

 Level 3 - Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying value of deposits, accounts receivable, bank debt, dividends payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities included in the balance sheet approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of those instruments or the indexed rate of interest on the bank debt. The fair value measurement of the risk management contracts and the senior notes have a fair value hierarchy of Level 2. The fair value measurement of property, plant and equipment ("PP&E"), exploration and evaluation ("E&E") assets, goodwill, and the investment in limited partnership have a fair value hierarchy of Level 3. The Company's finance department is responsible for performing the valuation of financial instruments, including the calculation of Level 3 fair values. Refer to Notes 7, 8, 9 and 10 for changes in the Company's Level 3 assets.

a) PP&E and E&E Assets

The fair value of PP&E recognized is based on market values. The market value of PP&E is the estimated amount for which PP&E could be exchanged on the acquisition date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The market value of oil and natural gas interests (included in PP&E) are generally estimated with reference to the discounted cash flows expected to be derived from oil and natural gas production based on internally and externally prepared reserve reports. The risk-adjusted discount rate is specific to the asset with reference to general market conditions. The market value of E&E assets are estimated with reference to the market values of current arm's length transactions in comparable locations.

b) Deposits, Accounts Receivable, Long-term Debt, Dividends Payable, Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

The fair value of deposits, accounts receivable, bank debt, senior notes, dividends payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. As at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the fair value of these balances, other than senior notes, approximated their carrying value. The fair value of the bank debt is equal to its carrying amount as the bank debt bears interest at floating rates and credit spreads within the facility are indicative of market rates.

c) Derivatives

The fair value of financial derivatives are recurring measurements and are determined whenever possible based on observable market data. If not available, the Company uses third party models and valuation methodologies that utilize observable market data including forward commodity prices, forward interest rates and forward exchange rates to estimate the fair value of financial derivatives. In addition to market information, the Company incorporates transaction specific details that market participants would utilize in a fair value measurement, including the impact of non-performance risk. The valuation technique used has not changed.

d) Share Awards

The fair values of share awards are measured using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise price of the instrument, expected volatility, weighted average expected life of the instruments, expected dividends and the risk-free interest rate.

e) Investment in Limited Partnership

The fair value of the investment in limited partnership is based on the Company's share of the fair value of the limited partnership's accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and deposits, risk management contracts, PP&E, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, bank debt, loan from parent, and decommissioning obligations. The fair values are determined using the methods in the preceding paragraphs as applicable.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Subject to Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset if Whitecap has the current legal right to offset and intends to settle on a net basis or settle the asset and liability simultaneously. Whitecap offsets risk management assets and liabilities when the counterparty, commodity, currency and timing of settlement are the same. The following table summarizes the gross asset and liability positions of the Company's financial derivatives by counterparty that are offset on the balance sheet as at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

| September 30, 2018 | | | Decembe | er 31, 2017 | | |
|--------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|
| (\$000s) | Asset | Liability | Net | Asset | Liability | Net |
| Gross amount | 33,177 | (166,754) | (133,577) | 32,171 | (71,465) | (39,294) |
| Amount offset | (29,087) | 29,087 | - | (20,900) | 20,900 | - |
| Net amount | 4,090 | (137,667) | (133,577) | 11,271 | (50,565) | (39,294) |

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to Whitecap if a partner or counterparty to a product sales contract or financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Whitecap is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash, accounts receivable and risk management contracts. Most of Whitecap's accounts receivable relate to oil and natural gas sales or joint interest billings and are subject to typical industry credit risks. Whitecap manages this credit risk as follows:

- By entering into sales contracts with only established creditworthy counterparties as verified by a third party rating agency, through internal evaluation or by requiring security such as letters of credit;
- By limiting exposure to any one counterparty; and
- By restricting cash equivalent investments and risk management transactions to counterparties that, at the time of transaction, are not less than investment grade.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is as follows:

| | September 30, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Accounts receivable | 175,298 | 139,612 |
| Risk management contracts | 4,090 | 11,271 |
| Total exposure | 179,388 | 150,883 |

Joint interest receivables are typically collected within one to three months following production. The majority of the credit exposure on accounts receivable at September 30, 2018 pertains to accrued revenue for September 2018 production volumes. Whitecap transacts with a number of oil and natural gas marketing companies and commodity end users ("Commodity Purchasers"). Commodity Purchasers typically remit amounts to Whitecap by the 25th day of the month following production. The Company monitors the exposure to any single counterparty along with its financial position. If it is deemed that a counterparty has become materially weaker, the Company will work to reduce the credit exposure to that counterparty. At September 30, 2018, two Commodity Purchasers accounted for approximately 12 percent and 10 percent of the total accounts receivable balance and are not considered a credit risk.

Whitecap applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9 which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. Prior credit losses in the collection of accounts receivable by Whitecap have been negligible and the Company does not anticipate any significant future credit losses based on forward looking information. Accordingly, no provision has been recorded for expected credit losses.

When determining whether amounts that are past due are collectable, management assesses the creditworthiness and past payment history of the counterparty, as well as the nature of the past due amount. Whitecap considers all amounts greater than 90 days to be past due. As at September 30, 2018, there was \$1.9 million (December 31, 2017 – \$1.6 million) of receivables aged over 90 days. Subsequent to September 30, 2018, approximately \$0.8 million (December 31, 2017 – \$0.8 million) has been collected and the remaining balance is not considered to be a credit risk.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Whitecap will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Whitecap actively manages its liquidity through cash, debt and equity management strategies. Such strategies include continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows from operating, financing and investing activities, available credit under existing banking arrangements and opportunities to issue additional common shares and/or long-term debt. Whitecap actively monitors its credit and working capital facilities to ensure that it has sufficient available funds to meet its dividend payments and financial requirements at a reasonable cost. Management believes that future funds generated from these sources will be adequate to settle Whitecap's financial liabilities.

The following table details Whitecap's financial liabilities as at September 30, 2018:

| (\$000s) | <1 year | 1 to 2 years | 2+ years | Total |
|--|---------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 228,909 | - | - | 228,909 |
| Dividends payable | 11,244 | - | - | 11,244 |
| Long-term debt (1) | 21,605 | 21,605 | 1,322,894 | 1,366,104 |
| Risk management contracts (1) | 112,274 | 25,393 | - | 137,667 |
| Total financial liabilities | 374,032 | 46,998 | 1,322,894 | 1,743,924 |

Note:

The following table details Whitecap's financial liabilities as at December 31, 2017:

| (\$000s) | <1 year | 1 to 2 years | 2+ years | Total |
|--|---------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 152,026 | - | - | 152,026 |
| Dividends payable | 10,242 | - | - | 10,242 |
| Long-term debt (1) | 21,605 | 710,837 | 693,230 | 1,425,672 |
| Risk management contracts (1) | 49,017 | 1,548 | - | 50,565 |
| Total financial liabilities | 232,890 | 712,385 | 693,230 | 1,638,505 |

Note:

d) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk is composed of commodity price risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk as discussed below.

Whitecap's consolidated balance sheet included the following risk management assets recorded at fair value:

| (\$000s) | September 30 2018 | December 31 2017 |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Current Assets | 2018 | 2017 |
| Crude oil | 3,666 | 7,772 |
| Natural gas | - | 861 |
| Interest | 218 | - |
| Power | 160 | 310 |
| Foreign exchange | 46 | 2,113 |
| Total current assets | 4,090 | 11,056 |
| Long-term Assets | | |
| Interest | - | 130 |
| Power | - | 85 |
| Total long-term assets | - | 215 |
| Total fair value | 4,090 | 11,271 |

⁽¹⁾ These amounts include the notional principal and interest payments. Interest rate swaps are included in risk management contracts.

⁽¹⁾ These amounts include the notional principal and interest payments. Interest rate swaps are included in risk management contracts.

Whitecap's consolidated balance sheet included the following risk management liabilities recorded at fair value:

| (\$000s) | September 30 | December 31 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| (40003) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Crude oil | 112,274 | 47,358 |
| Interest | - | 1,409 |
| Foreign exchange | - | 250 |
| Total current liabilities | 112,274 | 49,017 |
| Long-term Liabilities | | |
| Crude oil | 25,387 | 1,548 |
| Power | 6 | - |
| Total long-term liabilities | 25,393 | 1,548 |
| Total fair value | 137,667 | 50,565 |

Whitecap's net income includes the following realized and unrealized gains (losses) on risk management contracts:

| | Three months ended | | Nine mont | hs ended |
|--|--------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| | Septe | ember 30 | Sept | ember 30 |
| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Realized gain (loss) on commodity and FX contracts | (39,512) | 424 | (96,133) | (12,122) |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on commodity and FX contracts | 21,243 | (8,997) | (95,778) | 86,897 |
| Net gain (loss) on commodity and FX contracts | (18,269) | (8,573) | (191,911) | 74,775 |
| Realized loss on interest rate contracts (1) | (428) | (1,026) | (1,657) | (3,581) |
| Unrealized gain on interest rate contracts (1) | 535 | 2,937 | 1,495 | 6,656 |
| Net gain (loss) on risk management contracts | (18,162) | (6,662) | (192,073) | 77,850 |

Note:

(0000

i) Commodity Price Risk

The Company's operational results and financial condition are largely dependent on the commodity price received for its oil and natural gas production. Commodity prices have fluctuated widely in recent years due to global and regional factors including supply and demand fundamentals, inventory levels, weather, economic and geopolitical factors.

Whitecap manages the risks associated with changes in commodity prices by entering into a variety of risk management contracts. The Company assesses the effects of movement in commodity prices on income before tax. When assessing the potential impact of these commodity price changes, the Company believes a ten percent volatility is a reasonable measure. A ten percent increase or decrease in commodity prices would have resulted in the following impact to unrealized gains (losses) on risk management contracts and net income before tax:

| (\$000s) | | September 30, 2018 |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|
| | Increase 10% | Decrease 10% |
| Commodity Price | | |
| Crude Oil | (93,755) | 88,967 |
| Power | 243 | (243) |
| Differential | | |
| Crude oil | 4,930 | (4,930) |

⁽¹⁾ The gain (loss) on interest rate risk management contracts is included in interest and financing expense.

At September 30, 2018, the following commodity risk management contracts were outstanding with an asset fair market value of \$3.8 million and a liability fair market value of \$137.6 million (December 31, 2017 – asset of \$9.0 million and liability of \$48.9 million):

1) WTI Crude Oil Derivative Contracts

| Туре | Term | Volume (bbls/d) | Sold Put Price (\$/bbl) | Bought Put Price (\$/bbl) ⁽¹⁾ | Sold Call Price (\$/bbl) ⁽¹⁾ | Swap Price (\$/bbl) ⁽¹⁾ |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Swap | 2018 Oct – Dec | 21,500 | | | | C\$72.51 |
| Collar | 2018 Oct - Dec | 2,000 | | C\$75.00 | C\$92.93 | |
| Swap | 2018 Oct - Dec | 6,250 | | | | US\$51.39 |
| Sold put/call | 2018 Oct - Dec | 3,000 | US\$60.00 | | US\$85.83 | |
| Swap (2) | 2019 Jan – Jun | 13,500 | | | | C\$74.86 |
| Collar | 2019 Jan – Jun | 7,000 | | C\$70.36 | C\$89.09 | |
| Swap | 2019 Jul – Dec | 6,000 | | | | C\$72.85 |
| Collar | 2019 Jul – Dec | 8,000 | | C\$70.63 | C\$90.87 | |
| Swap | 2019 | 2,000 | | | | C\$72.74 |
| Collar | 2020 Jan – Jun | 7,000 | | C\$68.57 | C\$88.61 | |

Notes:

2) WTI Crude Oil Differential Derivative Contracts

| | | Volume | | Swap Price |
|------|----------------|----------|--------------|---------------|
| Type | Term | (bbls/d) | Basis (1)(2) | (C\$/bbl) (3) |
| Swap | 2018 Oct – Dec | 10,000 | MSW | 4.51 |
| Swap | 2018 Oct – Dec | 7,000 | WCS | 19.39 |

Notes:

3) Power Derivative Contracts

| | Volume | Fixed Rate |
|----------------|------------------------|--|
| Term | (MWh) | (\$/MWh) ⁽¹⁾ |
| 2018 Oct – Dec | 11,040 | 47.19 |
| 2019 | 26,280 | 51.10 |
| 2020 | 8,760 | 50.50 |
| | 2018 Oct – Dec 2019 | Term (MWh) 2018 Oct – Dec 11,040 2019 26,280 |

Note:

4) Contracts entered into subsequent to September 30, 2018

a) WTI Crude Oil Derivative Contracts

| Туре | Term | (bbls/d) | (C\$/bbl) (1) | (C\$/bbl) (1) |
|--------|----------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Collar | 2019 Jan – Jun | 1,000 | 80.00 | 110.50 |
| Collar | 2019 Jul – Dec | 1,000 | 80.00 | 105.00 |

Note:

b) Natural Gas Derivative Contracts

| | | Volume | Swap Price |
|------|----------------|--------|------------------------|
| Type | Term | (GJ/d) | (\$/GJ) ⁽¹⁾ |
| Swap | 2019 Jan – Mar | 5,000 | 2.2725 |

Note:

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⁽¹⁾ Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

^{(2) 2,000} bbls/d at \$74.00/bbl are extendable through the second half of 2019 at the option of the counterparties through the exercise of a one-time option on June 28, 2019.

⁽¹⁾ Mixed Sweet Blend ("MSW").

⁽²⁾ Western Canadian Select ("WCS").

⁽³⁾ Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

⁽¹⁾ Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

⁽¹⁾ Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

⁽¹⁾ Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its credit facility. The credit facility consists of a \$1.03 billion revolving syndicated facility and a \$75 million revolving operating facility. The revolving syndicated facility and revolving operating facility bear interest at the bank's prime lending or bankers' acceptance rates plus applicable margins. Changes in interest rates could result in an increase or decrease in the amount Whitecap pays to service the variable interest rate debt. The Company mitigates its exposure to interest rate changes by entering into interest rate swap transactions and/or fixed rate debt.

If interest rates applicable to floating rate debt at September 30, 2018 were to have increased or decreased by 25 basis points, it is estimated that the Company's income before tax would change by approximately \$0.4 million and \$1.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively (\$0.3 million and \$0.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively). This assumes that the change in interest rate is effective from the beginning of the quarter and the amount of floating rate debt is as at September 30, 2018.

When assessing the potential impact of forward interest rate changes on the Company's interest rate swaps, the Company believes an interest rate volatility of 25 basis points is a reasonable measure. A 25 basis point increase or decrease in forward interest rates would have resulted in the following impact to unrealized gains (losses) on risk management contracts and net income before tax:

| _(\$000s) | | September 30, 2018 |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | Increase 0.25% | Decrease 0.25% |
| Interest rate swaps | 290 | (290) |

At September 30, 2018, the following interest rate risk management contracts were outstanding with an asset fair market value of \$0.2 million (December 31, 2017 – asset of \$0.1 million and liability of \$1.4 million):

1) Interest Rate Contracts

| | | | Amount | Fixed Rate | |
|------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| Type | Term | | (\$000s) | (%) | Index (1) |
| Swap | 03-Oct-13 | 03-Oct-18 | 200,000 | 2.45 | CDOR |
| Swap | 01-May-14 | 01-May-19 | 200,000 | 1.97 | CDOR |
| | | | | | |

Note:

iii) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to the risk of changes in the U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rate ("USD/CAD") on crude oil sales based on U.S. dollar benchmark prices and commodity contracts that are settled in U.S. dollars. Foreign exchange risk is mitigated by entering into Canadian dollar denominated commodity risk management contracts or foreign exchange contracts. The Company assesses the effects of movement in USD/CAD on income before tax. When assessing the potential impact of these USD/CAD changes, the Company believes 0.01 volatility is a reasonable measure. An increase or decrease of 0.01 in USD/CAD would have resulted in the following impact to unrealized gains (losses) on risk management contracts and net income before tax:

| (\$000s) | | September 30, 2018 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| | Increase 0.01 | Decrease 0.01 |
| Foreign exchange | (24) | 36 |

⁽¹⁾ Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR").

At September 30, 2018, the following foreign exchange risk management contracts were outstanding with an asset fair market value of \$0.1 million (December 31, 2017 – asset of \$2.1 million and liability of \$0.2 million):

1) Foreign exchange contracts

| | | Monthly Notional | | | Conditional |
|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|
| Туре | Term | Amount | Floor (1) | Ceiling (1) | Ceiling (1)(2) |
| Average rate variable collar | 2018 Oct – Dec | US\$11.0 million | 1.2500 | 1.4359 | 1.3071 |

Notes:

e) Physical Purchase and Sale Contracts

1) WTI Crude Oil Differential Derivative Contracts

| | | volume | | Swap Price |
|------|----------------|----------|-----------|---------------|
| Туре | Term | (bbls/d) | Basis (1) | (C\$/bbl) (2) |
| Swap | 2018 Oct – Dec | 3,000 | MSW | 4.15 |

Notes:

f) Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base for the objectives of maintaining financial flexibility, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of the business. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying petroleum and natural gas assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholders' equity, long-term debt and working capital.

i) Net Debt and Total Capitalization

Management considers net debt a key measure to assess the Company's liquidity. Total capitalization is used by Management and investors in analyzing the Company's balance sheet strength and liquidity.

The following is a breakdown of the Company's capital structure:

| (\$000s) 2018 2017 Accounts receivable (175,298) (139,612) Deposits and prepaid expenses (17,420) (10,982) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 228,909 152,026 Dividends payable 11,244 10,242 Working capital deficiency 47,435 11,674 Long-term debt 1,240,824 1,284,232 Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 Total capitalization 4,575,510 4,629,039 | | September 30 | December 31 |
|--|--|--------------|-------------|
| Deposits and prepaid expenses (17,420) (10,982) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 228,909 152,026 Dividends payable 11,244 10,242 Working capital deficiency 47,435 11,674 Long-term debt 1,240,824 1,284,232 Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 228,909 152,026 Dividends payable 11,244 10,242 Working capital deficiency 47,435 11,674 Long-term debt 1,240,824 1,284,232 Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | Accounts receivable | (175,298) | (139,612) |
| Dividends payable 11,244 10,242 Working capital deficiency 47,435 11,674 Long-term debt 1,240,824 1,284,232 Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | Deposits and prepaid expenses | (17,420) | (10,982) |
| Working capital deficiency 47,435 11,674 Long-term debt 1,240,824 1,284,232 Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 228,909 | 152,026 |
| Long-term debt 1,240,824 1,284,232 Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | Dividends payable | 11,244 | 10,242 |
| Net debt 1,288,259 1,295,906 Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | Working capital deficiency | 47,435 | 11,674 |
| Shareholders' equity 3,287,251 3,333,133 | Long-term debt | 1,240,824 | 1,284,232 |
| | Net debt | 1,288,259 | 1,295,906 |
| Total capitalization 4,575,510 4,629,039 | Shareholders' equity | 3,287,251 | 3,333,133 |
| | Total capitalization | 4,575,510 | 4,629,039 |

ii) Funds Flow

Management considers funds flow to be a key measure of operating performance as it demonstrates Whitecap's ability to generate the cash necessary to pay dividends, repay debt, make capital investments, and/or to repurchase common shares under the Company's Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB"). Management believes that by excluding the temporary impact of changes in non-cash operating working capital, funds flow provides a useful measure of Whitecap's ability to generate cash that is not subject to short-term movements in non-cash operating working capital. Funds flow is not a standardized measure and therefore may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures by other entities.

⁽¹⁾ Rates reported are the weighted average rates for the period.

⁽²⁾ If the USD/CAD average monthly rate settles above the ceiling rate the settlement amount is based on the conditional ceiling.

⁽¹⁾ Mixed Sweet Blend ("MSW").

⁽²⁾ Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

Funds flow for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 is calculated as follows:

| | Three mo | nths ended | Nine mo | nths ended |
|--|----------|------------|---------|------------|
| | Se | ptember 30 | Sep | otember 30 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 186,195 | 100,263 | 569,690 | 361,887 |
| Net change in non-cash working capital items | 18,800 | 18,716 | (4,080) | 3,197 |
| Funds flow | 204,995 | 118,979 | 565,610 | 365,084 |

6. ACQUISITIONS

The revenue and operating income for the post-acquisition period of the acquisitions listed below are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

The below amounts are estimates which were made by management at the time of the preparation of these consolidated financial statements based on information then available. Amendments may be made to these amounts as values subject to estimate are finalized. The pro-forma information disclosed below is not necessarily indicative of the actual results that would have been achieved had the business combinations closed on January 1, 2018.

a) 2018 Acquisitions

i) Capio Energy Inc. ("Capio") Acquisition

On February 22, 2018, the Company closed the acquisition of Capio by acquiring all of the issued and outstanding common shares of Capio for cash consideration of \$56.8 million, net of acquired working capital. The corporate acquisition has been accounted for as a business combinations under IFRS 3 Business Combinations ("IFRS 3").

The acquisition of Capio has contributed revenues of \$12.4 million and operating income of \$8.9 million since February 22, 2018. Had the acquisition closed on January 1, 2018, estimated contributed revenues would have been \$15.0 million and estimated contributed operating income would have been \$11.2 million for the period ended September 30, 2018.

Net assets acquired (\$000s):

| Working capital | 6,718 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Petroleum and natural gas properties | 52,025 |
| Exploration and evaluation | 1,141 |
| Deferred income tax | 4,301 |
| Decommissioning liability | (637) |
| Total net assets acquired | 63,548 |

| Cash consideration: | |
|---------------------|--|
| Total consideration | |

| | Cash consideration: | |
|---|---------------------|--------|
| - | Total consideration | 63,548 |

ii) Other Acquisitions

In the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company acquired, for cash, strategic tuck-in properties and working interests that complement existing assets in the Northern Alberta and British Columbia ("NABC") cash generating unit ("CGU"), the Southeast Saskatchewan ("SESK") CGU and the Southwest Saskatchewan ("SWSK") CGU. The property acquisitions were accounted for as business combinations under IFRS 3.

Net assets acquired (\$000s):

Total consideration

| Petroleum and natural gas properties | 21,518 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Decommissioning liability | (676) |
| Total net assets acquired | 20,842 |
| | |
| Cash consideration: | |

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| Net book value (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Petroleum and natural gas properties | 7,743,363 | 7,320,003 |
| Other assets | 3,604 | 3,144 |
| Property, plant and equipment, at cost | 7,746,967 | 7,323,147 |
| Less: accumulated depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment | (2,347,769) | (1,988,143) |
| Total net carrying amount | 5,399,198 | 5,335,004 |

| | retioleum and | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| | natural gas | | |
| Cost (\$000s) | properties | Other assets | Total |
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 7,320,003 | 3,144 | 7,323,147 |
| Additions | 363,921 | 460 | 364,381 |
| Property acquisitions | 20,453 | - | 20,453 |
| Corporate acquisition | 52,775 | - | 52,775 |
| Transfer from evaluation and exploration assets | 762 | - | 762 |
| Disposals | (14,551) | - | (14,551) |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 7,743,363 | 3,604 | 7,746,967 |

Petroleum and

a) Non-Core Asset Dispositions

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company recognized a net loss of \$1.4 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, on the disposition of non-core assets (nil and \$0.9 million net gain for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017). The loss, in the three months ended September 30, 2018, was attributed to the disposition of certain non-core producing properties in northern Alberta. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the loss was partially offset by a \$0.1 million gain from the disposition of certain non-core producing properties in west central Saskatchewan.

b) Accumulated Depletion, Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment

| | Petroleum and | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| Accumulated depletion, depreciation, amortization and | natural gas | | |
| impairment (\$000s) | properties | Other assets | Total |
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 1,986,055 | 2,088 | 1,988,143 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 361,542 | 409 | 361,951 |
| Disposals | (2,325) | - | (2,325) |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 2,345,272 | 2,497 | 2,347,769 |

At September 30, 2018, \$216.9 million of salvage value (September 30, 2017 – \$193.1 million) was excluded from the depletion calculation. Future development costs of \$2.8 billion (September 30, 2017 – \$1.6 billion) were included in the depletion calculation. The Company capitalized \$11.7 million (September 30, 2017 – \$11.8 million) of administrative costs directly relating to development activities which includes \$5.8 million (September 30, 2017 – \$6.2 million) of stock-based compensation.

c) Impairment Test of Property, Plant and Equipment

There were no indicators of impairment at September 30, 2018.

20,842

8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Exploration and evaluation assets | 39,257 | 38,973 |
| Less: accumulated land expiries and write-offs | (29,058) | (28,183) |
| Total net carrying amount | 10,199 | 10,790 |

| (\$000s) | Undeveloped Land |
|---|------------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 38,973 |
| Property acquisitions | 315 |
| Corporate acquisition | 1,141 |
| Transfer to property, plant and equipment | (762) |
| Disposals | (410) |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 39,257 |

| (\$000s) | Accumulated land expiries and write-offs |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 28,183 |
| Land expiries and write-offs | 875 |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 29,058 |

E&E assets consist of the Company's exploration projects which are pending the determination of proved reserves. Additions represent the Company's share of costs acquired or incurred on E&E assets during the period.

a) Impairment Test of Exploration and Evaluation Assets

There were no indicators of impairment at September 30, 2018.

9. INVESTMENT IN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|--|--------------|-------------|
| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Investment in limited partnership, beginning of year | 7,585 | 13,625 |
| Unrealized loss on investment | - | (5,618) |
| Partnership distributions | - | (422) |
| Investment in limited partnership, end of period | 7,585 | 7,585 |

On June 26, 2014, the Company acquired a ten percent interest in an oil and gas limited partnership. The investment is recorded at fair value and any subsequent gains or losses recorded in net income or loss. At September 30, 2018, the investment is recorded at a fair value of \$7.6 million which was \$35.2 million less than the original cost of the investment. See Note 4 – "Determination of Fair Values" for additional information regarding the Company's Level 3 investment. The Company's key assumptions used in determining the fair value include reserves, discount rate, future commodity prices, operating costs and capital expenditures. Refer to Note 4 – "Determination of Fair Values" for a description of the methodology used in the determination of fair values.

10. GOODWILL

At September 30, 2018, the Company had goodwill of \$122.7 million (December 31, 2017 – \$122.7 million). At September 30, 2018, the Company had total accumulated goodwill impairment charges of \$126.4 million, which was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2015. The recoverable amount of goodwill is determined as the fair value less costs of disposal using a discounted cash flow method and is assessed at the corporate level. The Company's key assumptions used in determining the fair value less costs of disposal include reserves, discount rate, future commodity prices, operating costs and capital expenditures of the Company. The values of these assumptions have been assigned based on internal and external reserve and market price information. The fair value measurement of the Company's goodwill is designated Level 3 on the fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 4 – "Determination of Fair Values" for a description of the methodology used in the determination of fair values.

a) Impairment Test of Goodwill

There were no indicators of impairment at September 30, 2018.

11. LONG-TERM DEBT

| | September 30 | December 31 |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------|
| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Bank debt | 646,303 | 689,762 |
| Senior secured notes | 594,521 | 594,470 |
| Long-term debt | 1,240,824 | 1,284,232 |

a) Bank Debt

As at September 30, 2018, the Company had a \$1.105 billion credit facility with a syndicate of Canadian and American banks. The credit facility consists of a \$1.03 billion revolving syndicated facility and a \$75 million revolving operating facility, with a termination date of May 31, 2022. Prior to any anniversary date, being May 31 of each year, Whitecap may request an extension of the then current termination date, subject to approval by the banks. Following the granting of such extension, the term to maturity of the credit facilities shall not exceed four years. The credit facility provides that advances may be made by way of direct advances, banker's acceptances or letters of credit/guarantees. The credit facility bears interest at the bank's prime lending or bankers' acceptance rates plus applicable margins. The applicable margin charged by the bank is dependent upon the Company's debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization "EBITDA" ratio for the most recent quarter. The bankers' acceptances bear interest at the applicable banker's acceptance rate plus an explicit stamping fee based upon the Company's debt to EBITDA ratio. The credit facilities are secured by a floating charge debenture on the assets of the Company. In the second quarter of 2017, Whitecap repaid its \$372 million term loan facility with banker's acceptances under the Company's revolving production facility.

In the second quarter of 2018, as part of our annual credit facility review, the credit facility transitioned from a borrowing-based structure with lending capacity re-determined on a semi-annual basis, to a financial covenant-based structure with an extendible four year term governed by our existing financial covenants. The credit facility has two financial covenants, whereby the Company's ratio of debt to EBITDA shall not exceed 4.00:1.00 (1.56:1.00 as at September 30, 2018) and the ratio of EBITDA to interest expense shall not be less than 3.50:1.00 (15.74:1.00 as at September 30, 2018). The EBITDA used in the covenant calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items. The debt used in the covenant calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared. As of September 30, 2018, the Company was compliant with all covenants provided for in the lending agreement.

b) Senior Secured Notes

As at September 30, 2018, the Company had issued \$595 million senior secured notes. The notes rank equally with Whitecap's obligations under its credit facility. The terms, rates, principals and carrying amounts of the Company's outstanding senior notes are detailed below:

| | ^ | ^ | \sim | ^ | - \ | |
|-----|----------|-----|--------|-----|------------|---|
| - 1 | * | () | () | () | C 1 | ۱ |
| ١ | Ψ | v | v | v | S) | , |

| (+) | | Coupon | | Carrying | |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Issue Date | Maturity Date | Rate | Principal | Value | Fair Value |
| January 5, 2017 | January 5, 2022 | 3.46% | 200,000 | 199,813 | 192,339 |
| May 31, 2017 | May 31, 2024 | 3.54% | 200,000 | 199,840 | 187,092 |
| December 20, 2017 | December 20, 2026 | 3.90% | 195,000 | 194,868 | 183,112 |
| Balance at September 3 | | 595,000 | 594,521 | 562,543 | |

The senior secured notes are subject to the same debt to EBITDA ratio and EBITDA to interest expense ratio described under the credit facility. As of September 30, 2018, the Company was compliant with all covenants provided for in the lending agreements.

12. DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITY

(\$000s)

| 683,015 |
|----------|
| 10,853 |
| 1,313 |
| (3,948) |
| (3,485) |
| 3,957 |
| (20,238) |
| 12,219 |
| 683,686 |
| |

Note:

The Company's decommissioning liability results from its ownership interest in oil and natural gas assets including well sites and gathering systems. The total decommissioning liability is estimated based on the Company's net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, estimated costs to reclaim and abandon these wells and facilities and the estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future years. The key assumptions, on which the carrying amount of the decommissioning liability is based, include a risk-free rate of 2.4 percent (2.3 percent at December 31, 2017) and inflation rate of 2.0 percent (2.0 percent at December 31, 2017). The total undiscounted amount of the estimated cash flows required to settle the obligations was \$1.2 billion (December 31, 2017 – \$1.2 billion). The expected timing of payment of the cash flows required for settling the obligations extends up to 47 years.

13. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value.

b) Issued and outstanding

| (000s) | Shares | \$ |
|---|---------|-----------|
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 418,029 | 3,889,255 |
| Issued on share award vesting | 1,401 | - |
| Common shares repurchased | (2,974) | (25,473) |
| Contributed surplus adjustment on vesting of share awards | - | 17,323 |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 416,456 | 3,881,105 |

c) Normal Course Issuer Bid

On May 16, 2017, the Company announced the approval of its NCIB by the TSX (the "2017 NCIB"). The 2017 NCIB allowed the Company to purchase up to 18,457,076 common shares over a period of twelve months commencing on May 18, 2017.

On May 16, 2018, the Company announced the approval of its renewed NCIB by the TSX (the "2018 NCIB"). The 2018 NCIB allows the Company to purchase up to 20,864,806 common shares over a period of twelve months commencing on May 18, 2018.

Purchases are made on the open market through the TSX or alternative platforms at the market price of such common shares. All common shares purchased under the NCIB are cancelled. The total cost paid, including commissions and fees, are first charged to share capital to the extent of the average carrying value of Whitecap's common shares and the excess is charged to contributed surplus.

⁽¹⁾ Revaluation of liabilities acquired is the revaluation of acquired decommissioning liabilities at the end of the period using the risk-free discount rate. At the date of acquisition, acquired decommissioning liabilities are fair valued.

The following table summarizes the share repurchase activities during the period:

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|------|-------------------|-------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| (000s except per share amounts) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Shares repurchased | 1,029 | 100 | 2,974 | 439 |
| Average cost (\$/share) | 8.17 | 8.77 | 8.57 | 9.09 |
| Amounts charged to | | | | _ |
| Share capital | 8,414 | 877 | 25,473 | 3,980 |
| Contributed surplus | - | - | 11 | 6 |
| Share repurchase cost | 8,414 | 877 | 25,484 | 3,986 |

d) Award Incentive Plan

The Company implemented an Award Incentive Plan effective April 30, 2013. The Award Incentive Plan has time-based awards and performance awards which may be granted to directors, officers, employees of the Company and other service providers. Effective January 1, 2017, independent outside directors will receive only time-based awards as the primary form of long-term compensation. As at September 30, 2018, the maximum number of common shares issuable under the plan shall not at any time exceed 3.755 percent of the total common shares outstanding. Vesting is determined by the Company's Board of Directors. Currently, time-based and performance share awards issued to employees of the Company vest three years from date of grant. Time-based awards issued to independent outside directors and performance awards issued to officers of the Company vest in two tranches with one half of such awards vesting February 1 of the third year following the grant date and one half vesting October 1 of the third year following the grant date.

Each time-based award may in our sole discretion, entitle the holder to be issued the number of common shares designated in the time-based award plus dividend equivalents. Performance awards are also subject to a performance multiplier. This multiplier, ranging from zero to two, will be applied on vesting and is dependent on the performance of the Company relative to predefined corporate performance measures set by the Board of Directors for the associated period.

Based on the terms of the Award Incentive Plan, the fair value of share awards is equal to the underlying share price on grant date and, for performance awards, adjusted by an estimated payout multiplier. The amount of compensation expense is reduced by an estimated forfeiture rate on the grant date, which has been estimated at 4 percent of outstanding share awards. The forfeiture rate is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares that vest. Fluctuations in compensation expense may occur due to changes in estimating the outcome of the performance conditions. Upon the vesting of the awards, the associated amount in contributed surplus is recorded as an increase to share capital.

The estimated weighted average fair value for share awards at the measurement date is \$8.89 per award granted during the period ended September 30, 2018.

| | Number of Time- | Number of Performance | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| (000s) | based Awards | Awards ⁽¹⁾ | Total Awards |
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 1,329 | 3,867 | 5,196 |
| Granted | 585 | 1,576 | 2,161 |
| Forfeited | (46) | (112) | (158) |
| Vested | (230) | (578) | (808) |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 1,638 | 4,753 | 6,391 |

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Based on underlying awards before performance multiplier and dividends accrued.

e) Contributed Surplus

(\$000s)

| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 33,662 |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Stock-based compensation | 20,124 |
| Share award vesting | (17,323) |
| Common shares repurchased | (11) |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 36,452 |

f) Dividends

Dividends declared were \$0.08 and \$0.24 per common share in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively (\$0.07 and \$0.21 in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017).

On October 15, 2018, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.027 per common share designated as an eligible dividend, payable in cash to shareholders of record on October 31, 2018. The dividend payment date is November 15, 2018.

14. REVENUE

Whitecap sells its production pursuant to fixed and variable-price contracts. The transaction price for fixed price contracts represents the stand alone selling price per the contract terms. The transaction price for variable priced contracts is based on the commodity price, adjusted for quality, location or other factors, whereby each component of the pricing formula can be either fixed or variable, depending on the contract terms. Under its contracts, Whitecap is required to deliver fixed or variable volumes of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids to the contract counterparty. The amount of revenue recognized is based on the agreed transaction price, whereby any variability in revenue relates specifically to the Company's efforts to transfer production, and therefore the resulting revenue is allocated to the production delivered in the period during which the variability occurs. As a result, none of the variable consideration is considered constrained.

The contracts generally have a term of one year or less, whereby delivery occurs throughout the contract period. Commodity Purchasers typically remit amounts to Whitecap by the 25th day of the month following production.

Whitecap adopted IFRS 15 on January 1, 2018 as detailed in Note 3, using the modified retrospective approach. The impact to petroleum and natural gas sales as a result of adopting IFRS 15 was an increase of \$2.4 million and \$9.3 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively (\$2.4 million and \$6.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017) and an offsetting increase to operating expense, resulting in no impact to net income.

A breakdown of petroleum and natural gas sales is as follows:

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ende | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|
| | Sep | tember 30 | September 3 | |
| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Crude oil | 420,770 | 217,995 | 1,171,436 | 667,033 |
| NGLs | 16,441 | 9,160 | 44,973 | 25,587 |
| Natural gas | 8,807 | 12,015 | 31,039 | 47,244 |
| Petroleum and natural gas revenues | 446,018 | 239,170 | 1,247,448 | 739,864 |
| Tariffs | (4,446) | (6,288) | (15,486) | (23,530) |
| Processing income | 2,406 | 2,373 | 9,256 | 6,515 |
| Blending revenue | 1,670 | - | 5,170 | - |
| Petroleum and natural gas sales | 445,648 | 235,255 | 1,246,388 | 722,849 |

Substantially all of petroleum and natural gas revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 are derived from variable price contracts based on index prices.

Included in accounts receivable at September 30, 2018 is \$131.3 million (September 30, 2017 – \$76.2 million) of accrued petroleum and natural gas revenues related to September 2018 production.

15. PER SHARE RESULTS

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | September 30 | | September 30 | |
| (000s except per share amounts) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Per share income (\$/share) | | | | _ |
| Basic | \$0.17 | \$0.01 | \$0.14 | \$0.29 |
| Diluted | \$0.17 | \$0.01 | \$0.14 | \$0.29 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | | | | |
| Basic | 417,341 | 369,840 | 417,515 | 369,333 |
| Diluted (1) | 420,055 | 371,995 | 419,842 | 371,536 |

Note:

16. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a) Changes in Non-Cash Working Capital

Changes in non-cash working capital, excluding acquired working capital:

| | Three months ended | | Nine months ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------|-------------------|---------|
| | Sep | otember 30 | September 30 | |
| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Accounts receivable | (9,648) | (13,869) | (33,148) | (6,645) |
| Deposits and prepaid expenses | (6,458) | (2,958) | (6,406) | (1,719) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 22,003 | (2,030) | 74,955 | 3,634 |
| Dividend payable | (28) | 1 | 1,002 | 34 |
| Change in non-cash working capital | 5,869 | (18,856) | 36,403 | (4,696) |
| Related to: | | | | |
| Operating activities | (18,800) | (18,716) | 4,080 | (3,197) |
| Financing activities | (28) | 1 | 1,002 | 34 |
| Investing activities | 24,697 | (141) | 31,321 | (1,533) |

b) Reconciliation of Financing Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The following table provides a detailed breakdown of the cash and non-cash changes in financing liabilities arising from financing activities:

| (\$000s) | Long-term debt | Dividend payable |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2017 | 1,284,232 | 10,242 |
| Cash payments | (44,688) | - |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs | 1,280 | - |
| Change in dividends payable | - | 1,002 |
| Balance at September 30, 2018 | 1,240,824 | 11,244 |

17. COMMITMENTS

The Company is committed to future payments under the following agreements:

| (\$000s) | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021+ | Total |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| Operating leases | 3,927 | 15,701 | 15,684 | 93,837 | 129,149 |
| Transportation agreements | 5,261 | 19,316 | 16,890 | 53,143 | 94,610 |
| Long-term debt (1) | 5,446 | 21,605 | 21,605 | 1,317,448 | 1,366,104 |
| Total | 14,634 | 56,622 | 54,179 | 1,464,428 | 1,589,863 |

Note:

⁽¹⁾ For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, 0.9 million and 2.1 million share awards (0.2 million and 1.8 million share awards for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017) were excluded from the diluted weighted average shares calculation as they were anti-dilutive.

⁽¹⁾ These amounts include the notional principal and interest payments.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has retained the law firm of Burnet, Duckworth & Palmer LLP ("BD&P") to provide Whitecap with legal services. A director of Whitecap is a partner of this firm. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred nil and \$0.6 million for legal fees and disbursements, respectively (\$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively). These amounts have been recorded at the amounts that have been agreed upon by the two parties. The Company expects to retain the services of BD&P from time to time. As of September 30, 2018 a nil payable balance (nil – September 30, 2017) was outstanding.

19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Company has the following material subsidiaries, each owned 100% directly, at September 30, 2018:

| | Jurisdiction of Incorporation or |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Name of Subsidiary | Formation |
| Whitecap Energy Inc. | Canada |
| Whitecap Resources Partnership | Canada |