

*CORPORATE PRESENTATION / FEBRUARY 2024*



***SUSTAINABLE & PROFITABLE GROWTH WITHIN FUNDS FLOW***

• <b>Shares Outstanding (MM)</b>		
– Basic		598.0
– Fully diluted		604.1
• <b>Net Debt* (\$B)</b>		<b>\$1.4</b>
– Debt / EBITDA		0.7x
• <b>Enterprise Value (\$B)</b>		<b>\$6.8</b>
• <b>Guidance</b>	<b><u>2023</u></b>	<b><u>2024</u></b>
– Production (boe/d)	156,501	165,000 – 170,000 (8% growth/sh)
– Development Capital (\$MM)	\$954	\$900 - \$1,100
• <b>Dividend per share (annual)</b>		<b>\$0.73</b>
– Per share (monthly)		\$0.0608

## 2023 RESULTS

Cash Generation: **Funds Flow \$1.8 Billion** (\$2.94/sh) & **Free Funds Flow \$840 million** (\$1.38/sh)

Average Production: 156,501 (66% liquids) equates to **11% production per share growth**

**Return of Capital: \$500 million** via dividends of \$373 million and \$123 million on NCIB

Balance Sheet Strength: Reduced net debt by \$528 million & **Debt/EBITDA only 0.7x**

## 2023 RESERVES

- **Per Share Growth: PDP = 6% increase, TP = 10% increase** (debt adjusted)
- **Production Replacement: Organically replaced 107% of PDP and 141% of TP reserves**
  - **Significant Inventory Life:** RLI's ranging from 6 years (PDP) to 19 years (TPP)
  - **Profitability Metrics:** Strong F&D recycle ratios highlight profitability of asset base

1

## Operational

- **Exceed Budget Expectations (Capital & Production)**
- Improve capital efficiency through:
  - Decreasing drilling times
  - Optimizing completion design and execution
  - Reduced cycle times

2

## Financial

- **Maintain a strong balance sheet with significant liquidity**
- Fully funded growth model including a base dividend of \$0.73 per share
- Execute on share repurchases to enhance per share value

3

## Strategic

- **Consolidate core areas through tuck-in acquisitions / dispositions**
  - Operational and financial synergies to increase profitability
- Accelerate value creation on existing assets

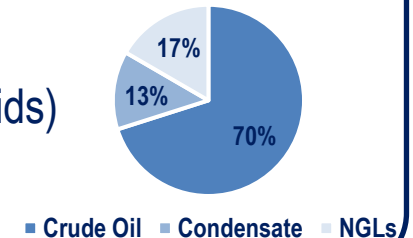
## OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

**Capital Spending:** \$900 million - \$1.1 billion

**Average Production:** 165,000 – 170,000 boe/d (64% liquids)

**Annual Production per Share Growth:** ~8%

Liquids Breakdown



## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ~\$1.6 billion of Funds Flow (\$2.65 per share) at US\$75/bbl & \$2.00/GJ
- Base Dividend (\$0.73 per share) fully funded at US\$50/bbl & \$2.00/GJ
- Balance Sheet in Excellent position with \$1.7 billion of incremental liquidity
  - Debt/EBITDA of only 0.7x

## 2024 CAPITAL BUDGET

### West Division

- **Budget Allocation:** ~\$550 million
  - ~80% to Montney & Duvernay
  - Incl. \$115 million infrastructure projects
- **Operations Focus: 36 (33.2 net) Wells**
  - Uncon. Montney (Musreau & Lator)
  - Duvernay (Kaybob)
  - Cardium (Wapiti)
  - Conv. Montney (Valhalla)

### East Division

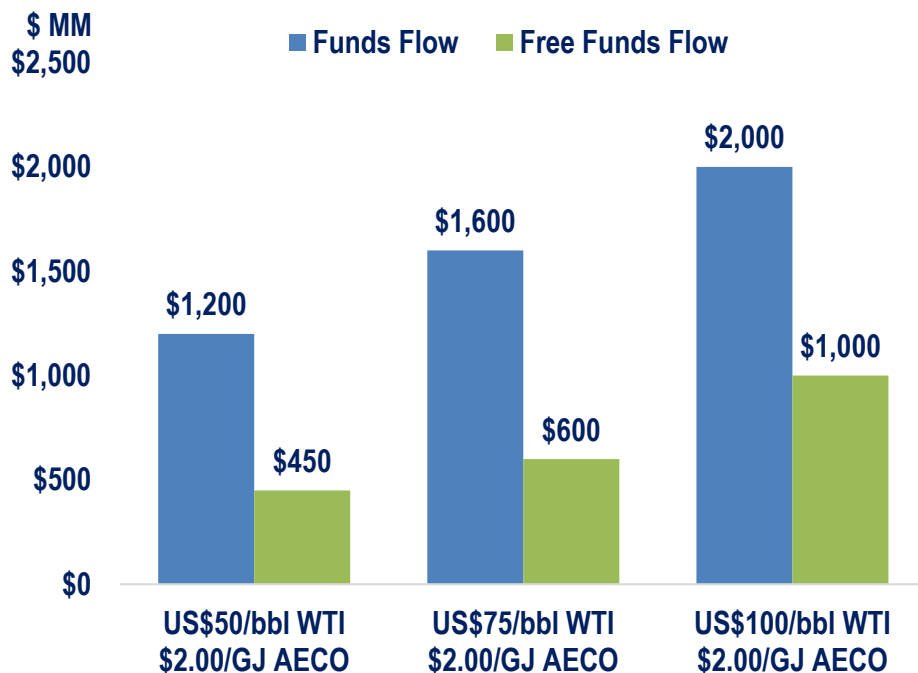
- **Budget Allocation:** ~\$450 million
  - 80% oil and liquids
  - Incl. \$130 million for secondary/tertiary recovery
- **Operations Focus: 169 (147.4 net) Wells**
  - Cardium & Glauconite (Central AB)
  - Lower Shaunavon (SW SK)
  - Viking (West Sask)
  - Frobisher & Weyburn CO<sub>2</sub> (East SK)

## INFRASTRUCTURE & SECONDARY/TERTIARY RECOVERY PROJECTS

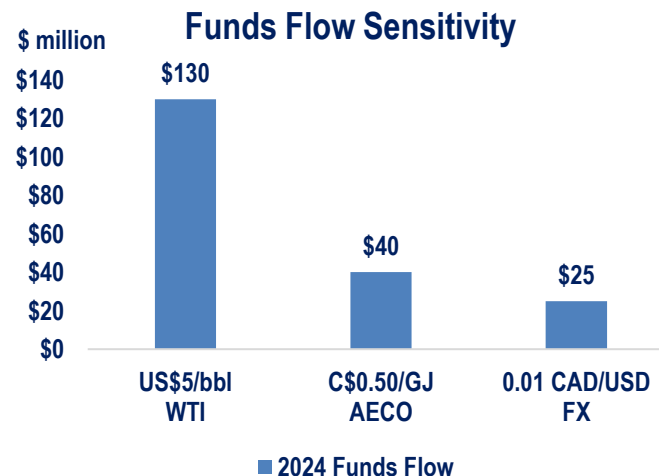
- **Infrastructure (\$150 MM Total):** Musreau Battery (20,000 boe/d), Kaybob gathering line, pre-engineering for future Lator/Resthaven development
  - **Secondary/Tertiary Recovery (\$130 MM):** Weyburn CO<sub>2</sub>, Southwestern SK, Viking, West Pembina

## 2024 Budget (mid-point)

- Production of 167,500 boe/d (8% PPS)
- Capital expenditures of \$0.9-\$1.1 billion



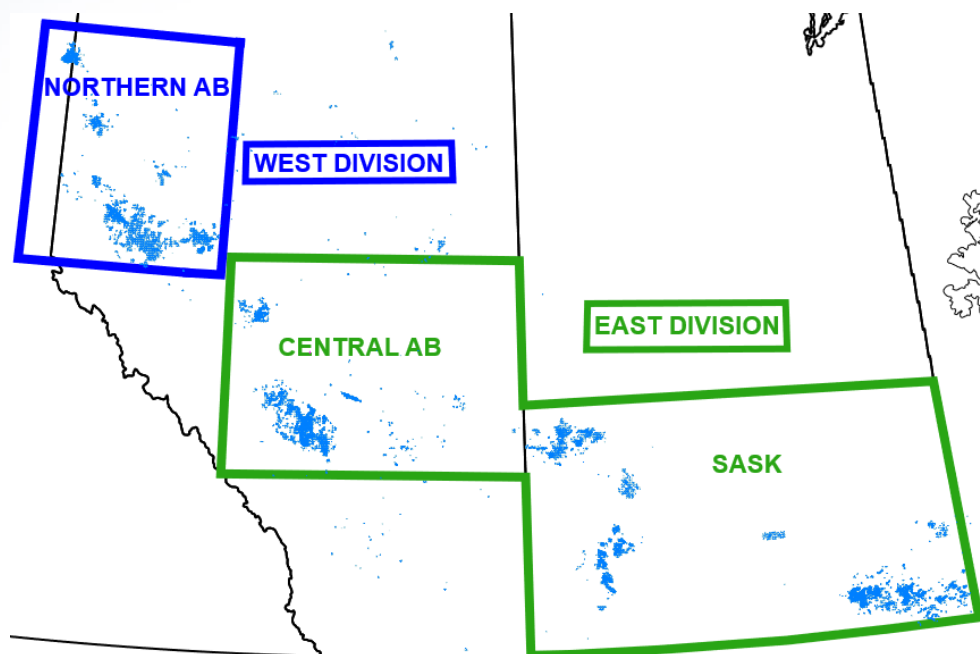
Maintenance Capital - \$750 MM at \$50/bbl WTI



- ✓ Fully funded growth plus dividend model
- ✓ Free funds flow supports return of capital framework
- ✓ Flexible second half 2024 capital program



# Core Areas of Operations



- **6,442 (5,619 net)** drilling locations
- Montney/Duvernay growth supported by low decline & high netback light oil assets
- Over **25** years of **sustainable growth and profitability**

Division	Total Inventory	2024 Wells
West	2,782 (2,476 net)	36 (33.2 net)
East	3,660 (3,143 net)	169 (147.4 net)



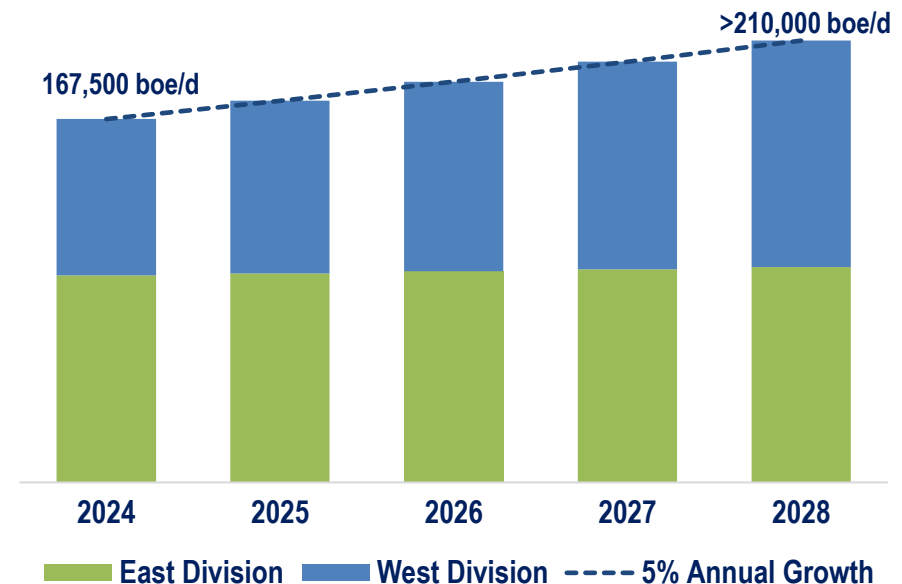
## West Division (~40% liquids)

- **Unconventional Montney & Duvernay Development**
- ~12% annual growth to 115,000 boe/d
- **Staged development via infrastructure additions**
- Inventory Remaining after 5 years = **89%**

## East Division (~80% liquids)

- **Low Decline & High netback light oil**
- 1% - 2% annual growth to 100,000 boe/d
- Strong free cash flow with consolidation opportunities
- Inventory Remaining after 5 years = **66%**

**Organic Growth to over 210,000 boe/d**  
**Target 3% - 8% annual growth**



- **Extensive Oil & Natural Gas Inventory supports 25 Years of 5% Annualized Growth**
- **Quick capital payouts and strong profit to investment ratios drive robust economics**

## Fully Funded Model

1

### Balance Sheet

- ✓ **Maintain Debt/EBITDA ratio below 1.0x**
- Significant liquidity provides financial flexibility

2

### Base Dividend

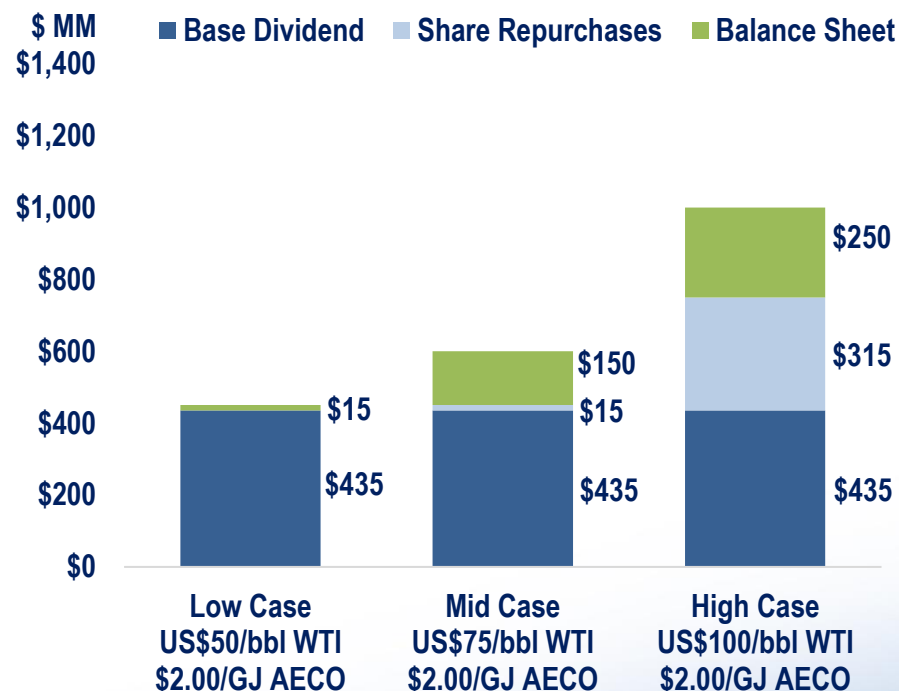
- ✓ **\$0.73/share annually (~\$435 million)**
- Future growth commensurate with production per share growth

3

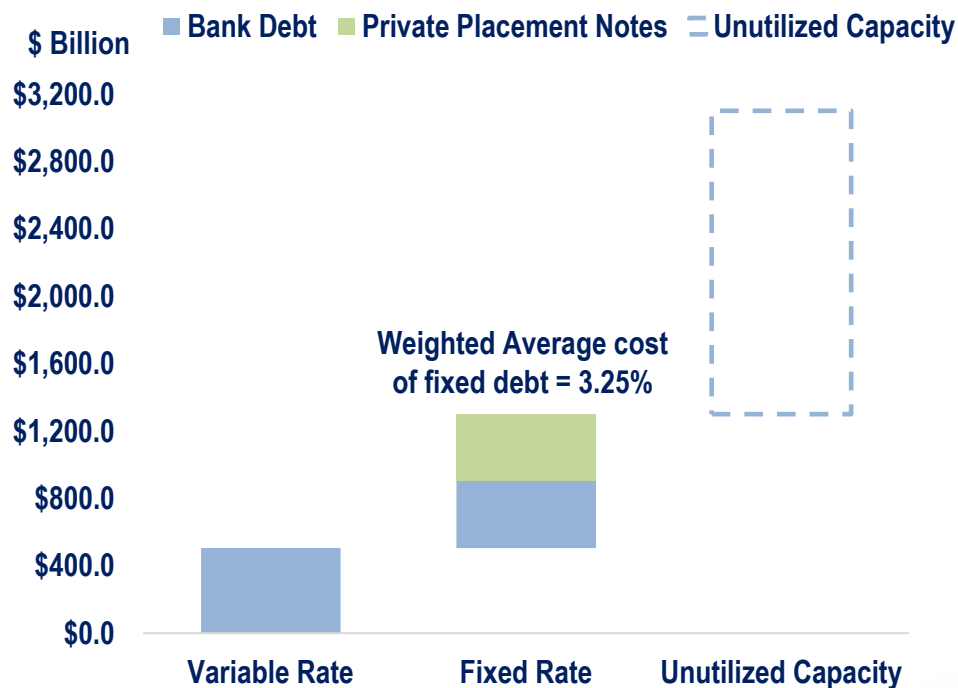
### Share Repurchases

- ✓ **Permanent improvement to share capital**
- Improves sustainability of the dividend
- NCIB in place for up to ~60 million shares

### Free Funds Flow Allocation



- ✓ Top Tier balance sheet with **low Debt/EBITDA ratios** and **significant liquidity** to manage commodity price volatility
- ✓ **Current credit capacity of \$3.1 Billion** (\$1.7 Billion unutilized)



**Well below credit facility covenants** of Debt/EBITDA < 4.0x and EBITDA/Interest > 3.5x

## Objectives:

- Fully fund annual capital program and dividend payments
- Downside price protection with upside participation

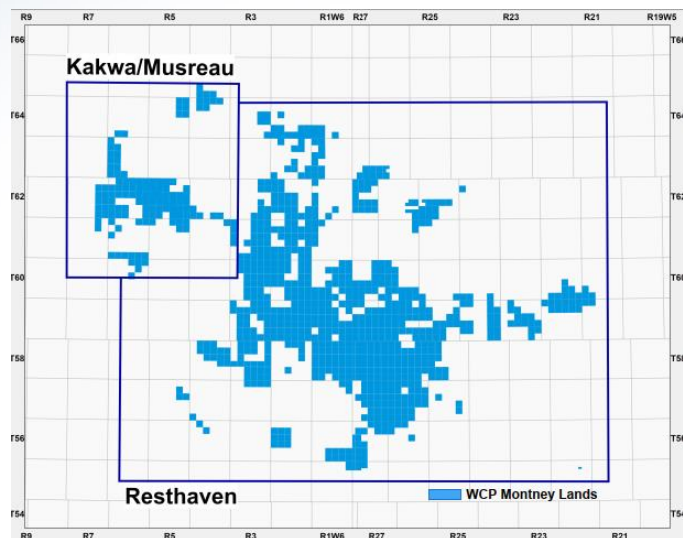
## Outcome:

- ✓ Maintenance capital and current dividend fully funded at <US\$50/bbl WTI

Oil hedges	1H/24	2H/24	2025
<b>Production hedged</b>	<b>18%</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>12%</b>
Swaps hedged (bbl/d)	10,000	9,000	9,992
Average swap price (C\$/B)	\$105.78	\$106.20	\$100.11
Collars hedged (bbl/d)	5,000	5,000	-
Average collar price (C\$/B)	\$82.00 x \$116.98	\$82.00 x \$116.98	-
Natural gas hedges	1H/24	2H/24	2025
<b>Production hedged</b>	<b>18%</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>17%</b>
Swaps hedged (GJ/d)	59,500	57,027	62,466
Average swap price (C\$/GJ)	\$3.03	\$3.01	\$3.42
Collars hedged (GJ/d)	-	-	-
Average collar price (C\$/GJ)	-	-	-

Refer to slide Notes and Advisories. Note: Details for all hedging contracts listed in the Appendix.

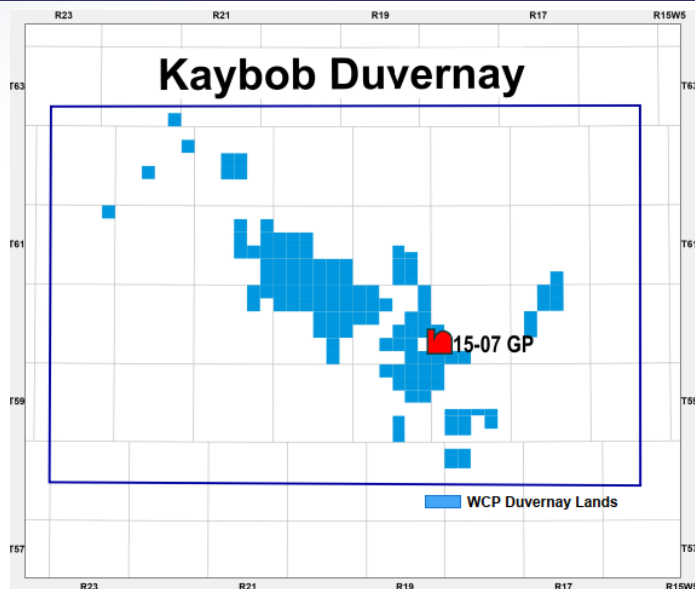
# West Division (Montney)



- ✓ **Second Largest Alberta Montney position (635k acres)**
- ✓ **2,260 (2,045 net) Highly economic locations with commodity optionality to pivot during cycles**
  - ✓ **2024 = 14 (12.2 net) wells**
- ✓ **New infrastructure at Musreau (North Kakwa) and future builds at Lator (NW Resthaven) supports future growth**

Montney	Medium Liquids		High Liquids	
DCE&T costs (\$MM)	\$11.2		\$11.2	
P+P Reserves (Mboe)	1,428 (32% liquids)		1,091 (45% liquids)	
IP90 (boe/d)	1,484 (37% liquids)		1,284 (55% liquids)	
US\$/bbl / C\$/GJ	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00
Payout (yrs.)	0.6	0.9	0.6	1.0
P/I	1.6	1.0	1.5	0.9
IRR	>200%	128%	>200%	109%
NPV (10% disc.) (\$MM)	\$17.3	\$11.0	\$16.6	\$9.3

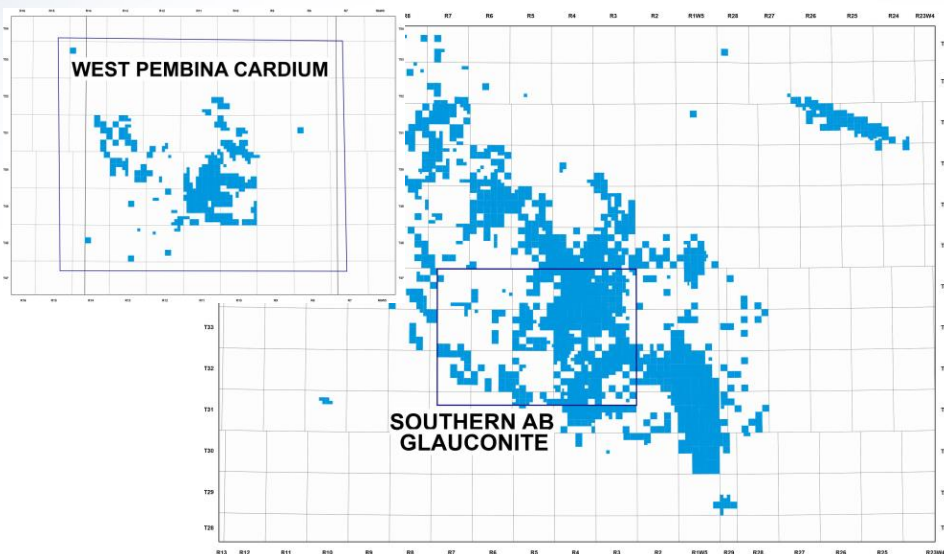
Refer to slide Notes and Advisories.



- ✓ First 7 wells averaging **25%** above expectations
- ✓ 202 (168 net) Highly Economic Duvernay locations providing 20+ years of inventory across 74k acres
  - ✓ **2024 = 13 (13.0 net) wells**
- ✓ Increasing the WCP utilization of 15-07 gas processing facility to over 90% by the end of 2025 will improve the netback by **8%**

## Duvernay

DCE&T costs (\$MM)	\$12.3	
P+P Reserves (Mboe)	1,368 (28% liquids)	
IP90 (boe/d)	1,293 (41% liquids)	
US\$/bbl / C\$/GJ	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00
Payout (yrs.)	0.9	1.4
P/I	1.3	0.9
IRR	130%	67%
NPV (10% disc.) (\$MM)	\$15.5	\$10.5



- ✓ Recent Glaucionite and Cardium results outperforming
- ✓ Utilize owned infrastructure to maximize Free Funds Flow
- ✓ Waterflood efforts proving successful

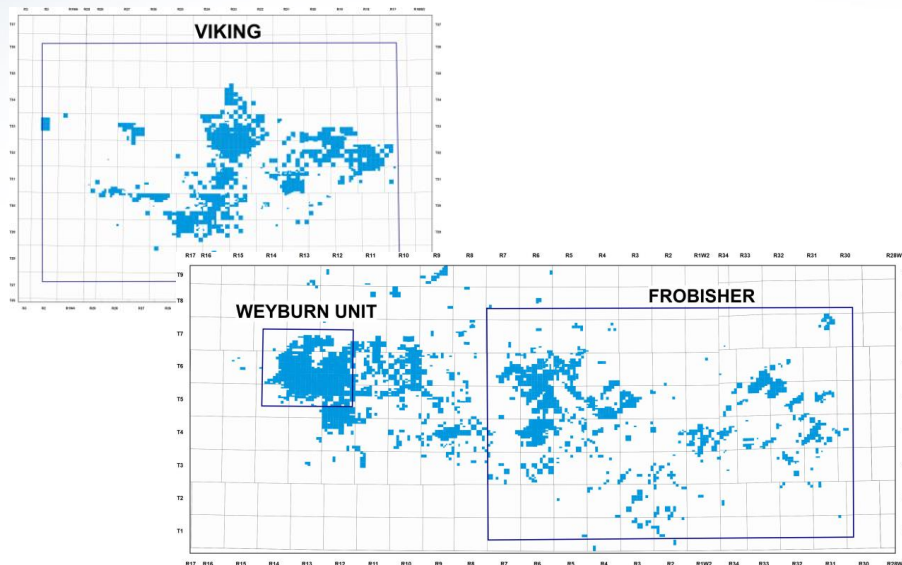
## Southern Alberta Glaucionite

DCE&T costs (\$MM)	\$7.2	
P+P Reserves (Mboe)	864 (48% liquids)	
IP90 (boe/d)	756 (57% liquids)	
US\$/bbl / C\$/GJ	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00
Payout (yrs.)	0.9	1.4
P/I	1.3	0.9
IRR	128%	70%
NPV (10% disc.) (\$MM)	\$9.7	\$6.4

## West Pembina Cardium

DCE&T costs (\$MM)	\$4.2	
P+P Reserves (Mboe)	365 (89% liquids)	
IP90 (boe/d)	238 (87% liquids)	
US\$/bbl / C\$/GJ	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00
Payout (yrs.)	0.8	1.3
P/I	2.2	1.4
IRR	172%	79%
NPV (10% disc.) (\$MM)	\$9.2	\$5.8





- ✓ Viking and Frobisher assets characterized by High Returns and Short Payouts
- ✓ Currently utilizing multi-leg laterals in SE Sask with further potential across assets
- ✓ Significant free funds flow generation

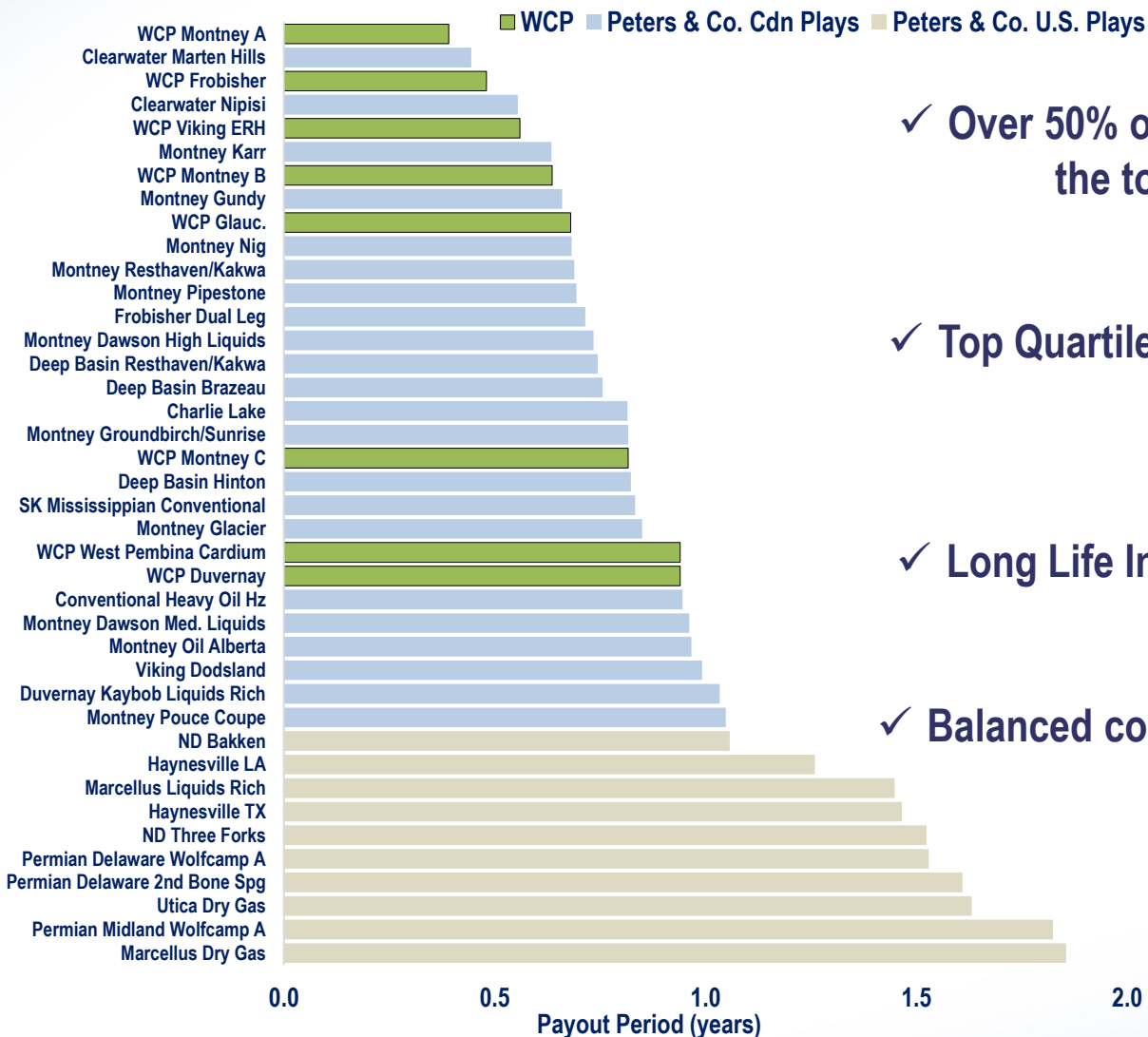
## Frobisher

DCE&T costs (\$MM)	\$1.6	
P+P Reserves (Mboe)	93 (95% liquids)	
IP90 (boe/d)	142 (95% liquids)	
US\$/bbl / C\$/GJ	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00
Payout (yrs.)	0.5	1.0
P/I	1.9	0.8
IRR	>200%	100%
NPV (10% disc.) (\$MM)	\$3.0	\$1.3

## Viking

DCE&T costs (\$MM)	\$1.3	
P+P Reserves (Mboe)	51 (73% liquids)	
IP90 (boe/d)	114 (79% liquids)	
US\$/bbl / C\$/GJ	\$75 / \$3.00	\$50 / \$3.00
Payout (yrs.)	0.7	1.4
P/I	1.1	0.4
IRR	>200%	57%
NPV (10% disc.) (\$MM)	\$1.4	\$0.6

# Significant Top Quartile Inventory



✓ Over 50% of WCP inventory ranks among the top North American Plays

✓ Top Quartile inventory across both West & East Divisions

✓ Long Life Inventory with Strong Netbacks

✓ Balanced commodity mix to take advantage of cycles

Source: North American curves provided by Peters & Co. Limited. Whitecap curves based on internal data. WCP Montney curves based on weighted average within the following payout criteria: Montney A = <0.5 years, Montney B = 0.5 - 0.75 years, Montney C = 0.75 - 1.0 years. Note: Based on US\$75/bbl WTI, US\$4.00/mcf NYMEX, C\$3.78/mcf AECO commodity prices. Refer to slide Notes and Advisories.

# Long Track Record of Returning Capital to Shareholders



**26%**

Oct. 2023 dividend increase

**\$0.0608**

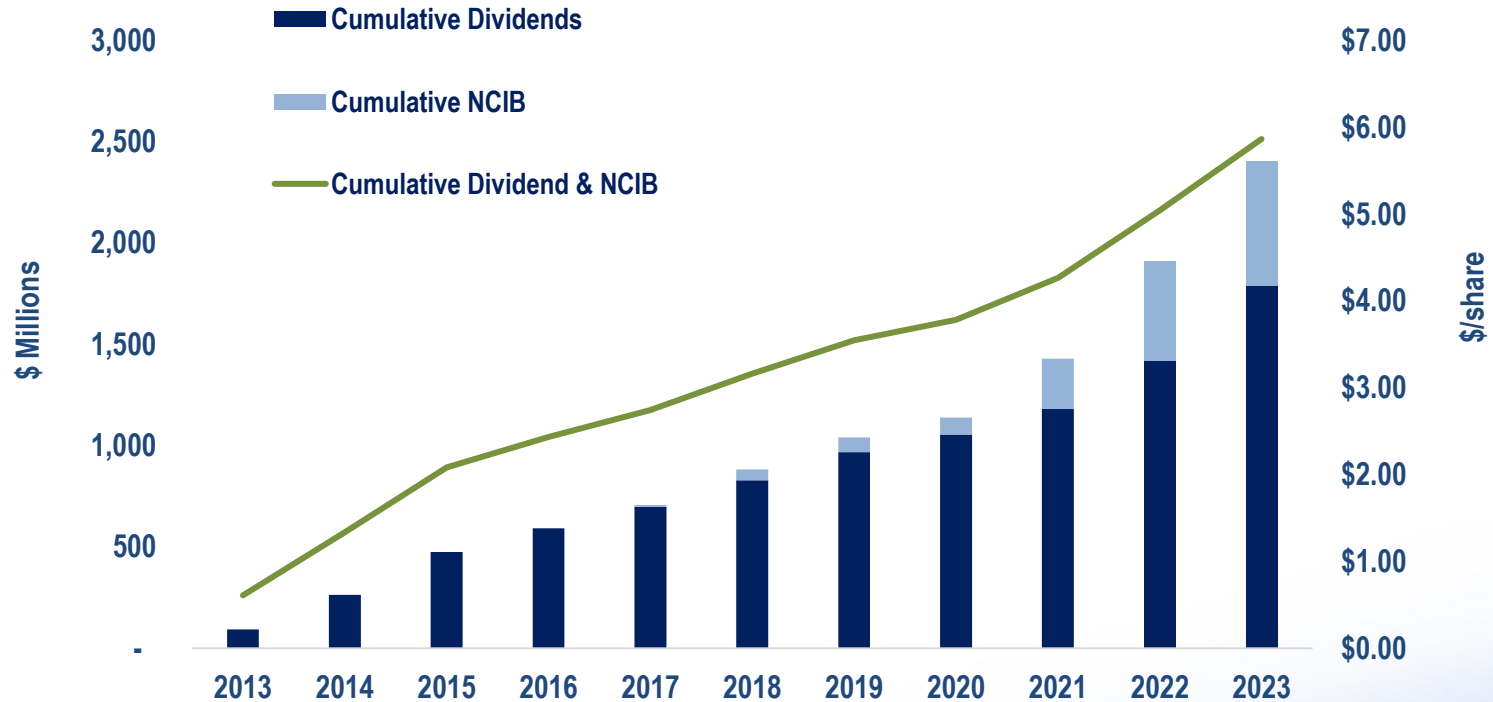
Current Monthly dividend

**\$612 million**

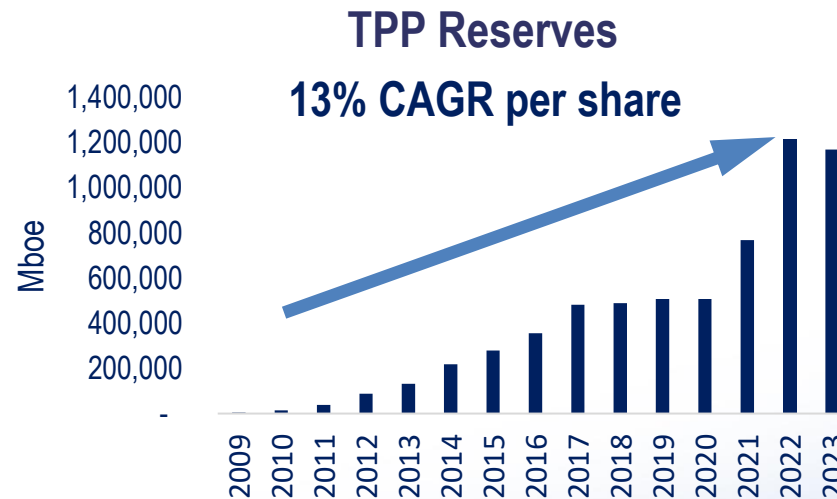
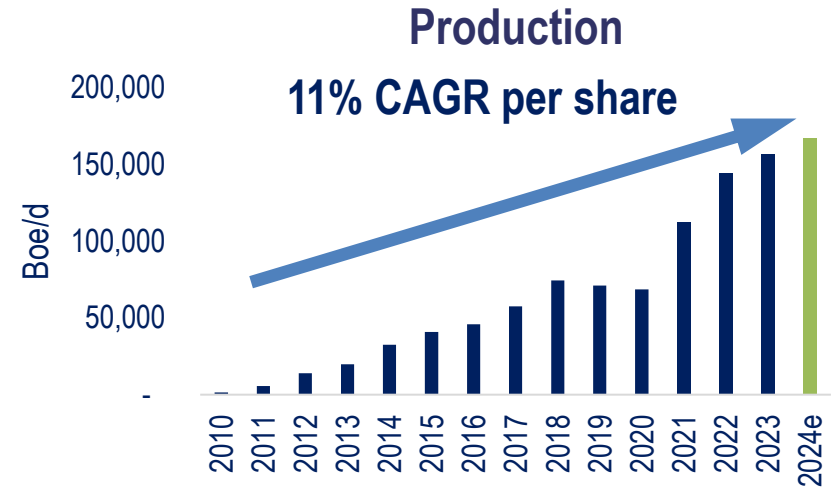
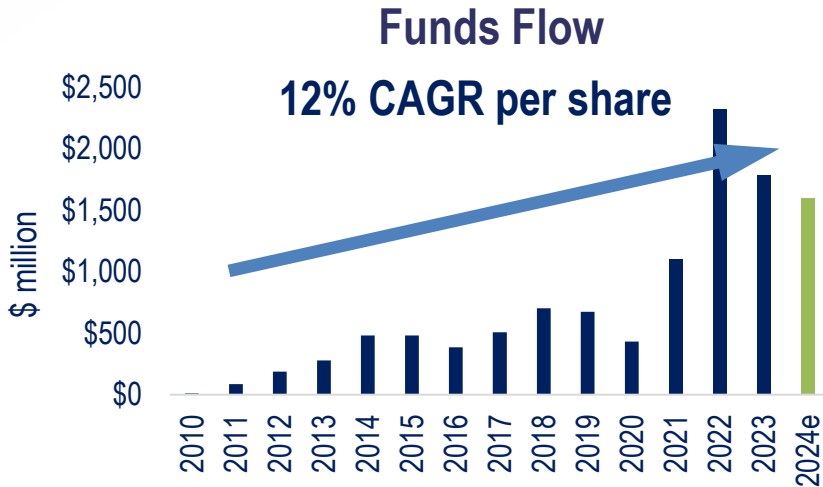
Share repurchases completed (as at Dec. 31, 2023)

**\$1.8 billion**

Total dividends paid (\$4.78/share) (at Dec. 31, 2023)



# Track Record of Per Share Growth



## Top Tier Inventory

- ~6,400 drilling locations support 3%-8% **corporate growth for over 25 years**
- Large resource with strong economics across commodity cycles drives increased profitability and **enhanced return of capital to shareholders**
- Short capital payouts and strong profit to investment ratios

## Significant Free Funds Flow Profile

- **Premium light oil weighted and liquids-rich asset base**
- Characterized by high netbacks, low base production declines and strong capital efficiencies

## Return of Capital Focus

- **Recent 26% dividend increase to \$0.73/share annually**
- **75% of Free Funds Flow to be returned to shareholders** via base dividends and share buybacks
- Future dividend increases commensurate with production per share growth rate

## Strong Balance Sheet

- **\$1.4 Billion net debt on total credit capacity of \$3.1 billion**
- Debt/EBITDA ratio of 0.7x
- Debt/EBITDA ratio does not exceed 1.0x at US\$50/bbl and \$2.00/GJ

## Environment

**15%**

**Reduction** in  
Corporate Scope 1 & 2  
GHG Emissions  
Intensity by **2025**

---

**30%**

**Reduction** in  
Methane Emissions  
Intensity by **2025**

## Social

Community  
Investment Focused  
on Supporting  
**Children's Health,  
Education &  
Wellness**

---

**Truth & Reconciliation  
Education  
Scholarship Fund**  
created for Indigenous  
students

## Governance

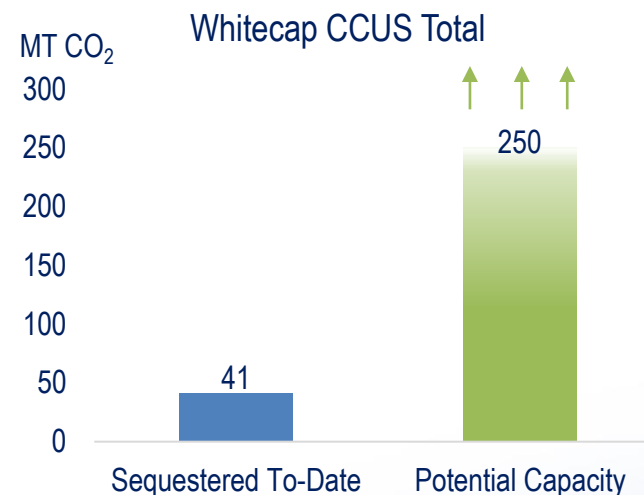
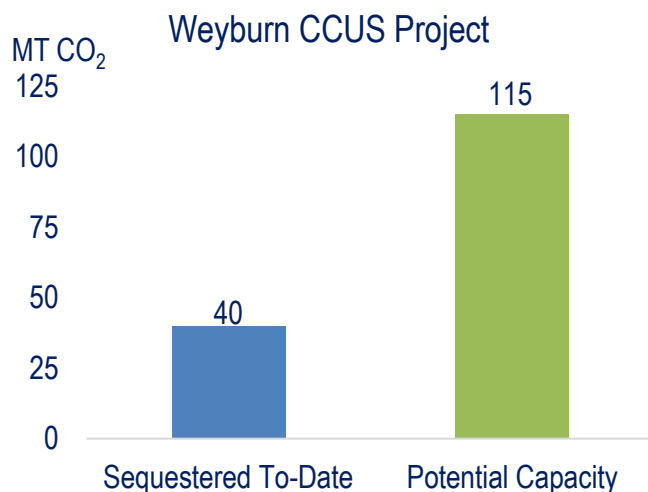
**30%**

**Women** on Board  
of Directors

---

Sustainability &  
Advocacy Committee  
Established to  
Manage Climate and  
Sustainability Based  
Risks

- ✓ **Leader in CO<sub>2</sub> Sequestration.** Operator of the World's largest anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> storage project
- ✓ **Technical Expertise.** Measurement, Monitoring and Verification system to safely store CO<sub>2</sub> in the reservoir



**Sequestered CO<sub>2</sub> can be Significantly Increased in a Safe and Reliable Way**



- ✓ **Utilize Subsurface Expertise to assist in decarbonization efforts across industries**
- ✓ **Leverage skill set and processes across multiple hubs**

	<b>Saskatchewan Carbon Hub</b>	<b>Lamont Carbon Hub (Ft. Sask, AB)</b>
<b>Progress Update</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Emitter Engagement</b></li> <li>- <b>Initiate FEED Study</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Drilled Evaluation Well</b></li> <li>- <b>Ongoing technical evaluation</b></li> </ul>
<b>Next Steps</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Potential Final Investment Decision (2024)</b></li> <li>- <b>Capital Spending (2024/25)</b></li> <li>- <b>Potential On Stream (2025)</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Potential Final Investment Decision (2024)</b></li> <li>- <b>Potential On Stream (2025)</b></li> </ul>
	<b>Rolling Hills Carbon Hub (South AB)</b>	<b>Central Alberta Carbon Hub</b>
<b>Progress Update</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Initial mapping and reservoir evaluation complete</b></li> <li>- <b>Emitter Engagement</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Early technical work to evaluate suitable drilling locations</b></li> </ul>
<b>Next Steps</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Potential On Stream (2026)</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Potential On Stream (2027)</b></li> </ul>

TSX:WCP

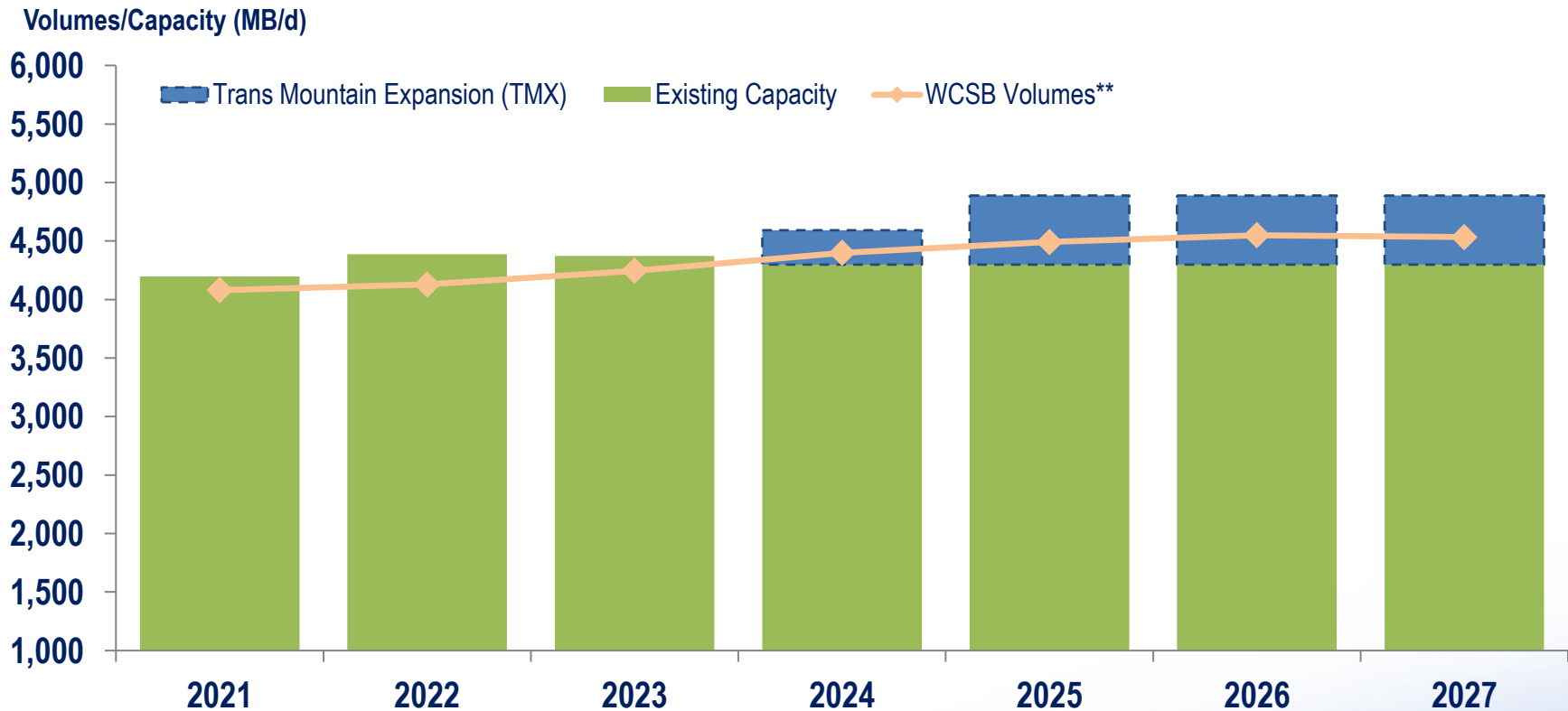


[www.wcap.ca](http://www.wcap.ca)

[InvestorRelations@wcap.ca](mailto:InvestorRelations@wcap.ca)

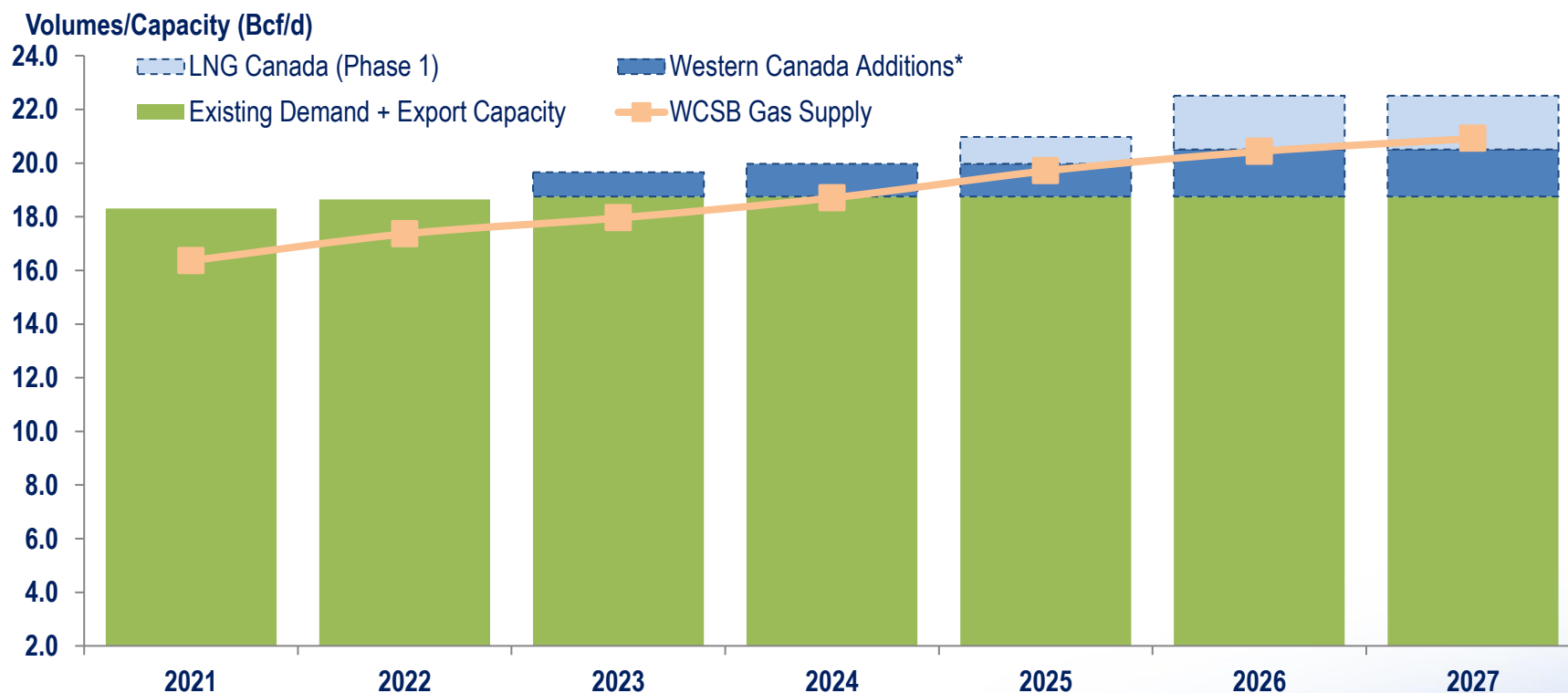
February 21, 2024

- ✓ Canadian supply growth expected to be minimal over the next few years
- ✓ TMX completion is expected to strengthen differentials on all grades



Sources: Peters & Co. Limited estimates, company reports, and government data. Note: \*Existing Capacity includes Enbridge Mainline, Keystone, U.S. L3R, Rail, Express, Rangeland and Trans Mountain pipelines. \*\*Volumes presented net of domestic WCSB refinery demand. TMX presented has half capacity in 2024 is for illustrative purposes.

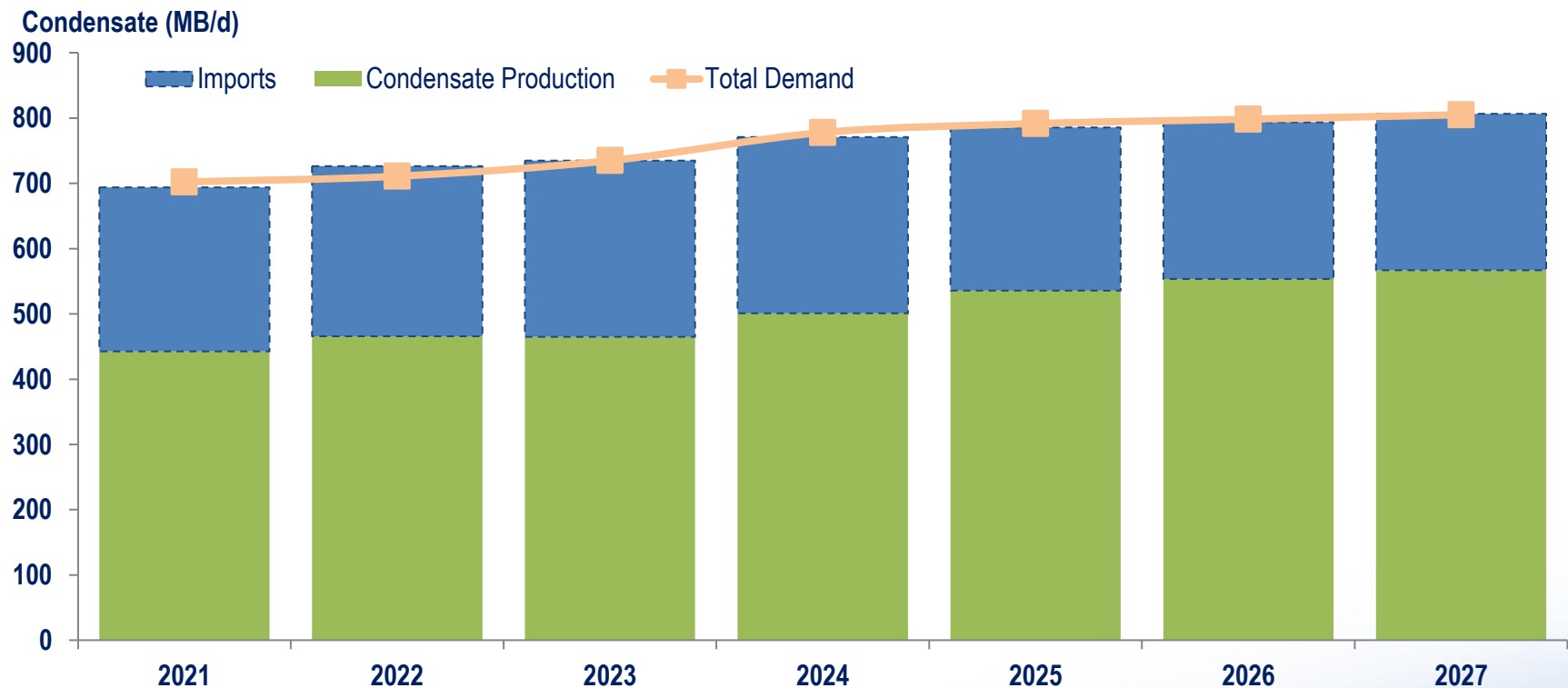
- ✓ Supply growth expected to coincide with capacity increases over next several years
- ✓ LNG Canada expected to strengthen AECO differentials to NYMEX



Sources: Company reports, government data, and Peters & Co. Limited estimates. Note: \*Western Canada additions includes additional intra-basin demand, west gate/east gate expansions on NGTL, and Westcoast expansions.

# Condensate Fundamentals

- ✓ Supply growth required to match growth in demand (oil sands)
- ✓ Condensate sold at a premium to light oil

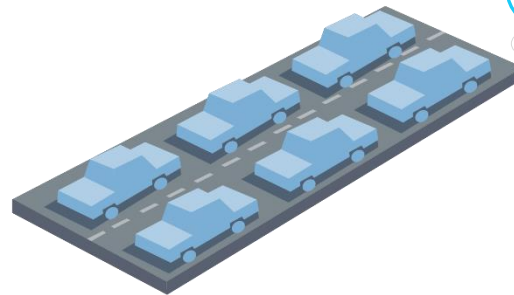


Sources: Bloomberg, government/third-party data, and Peters & Co. Limited estimates.

## 1. Collecting Waste Emissions

We purchase CO<sub>2</sub> from coal plants in Saskatchewan and North Dakota. Without the Weyburn Unit, the majority of CO<sub>2</sub> would otherwise be released to the atmosphere.

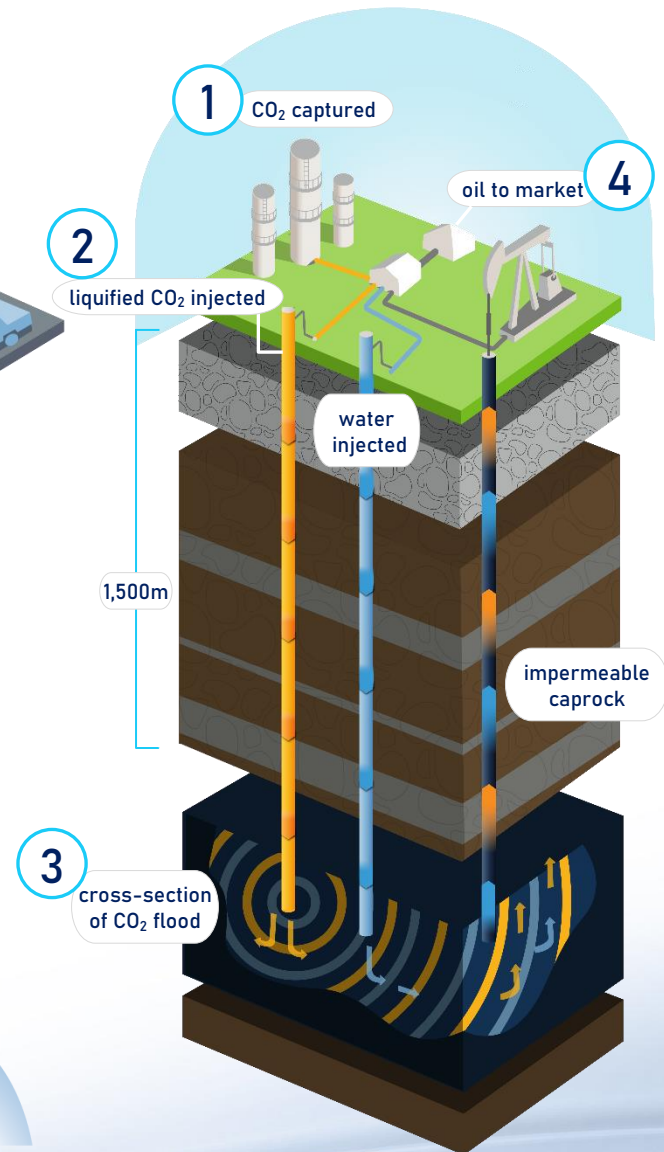
CO<sub>2</sub> captured is equivalent to taking 8 million combustion engine vehicles off the road per year



## 2. Safe Injection of CO<sub>2</sub>

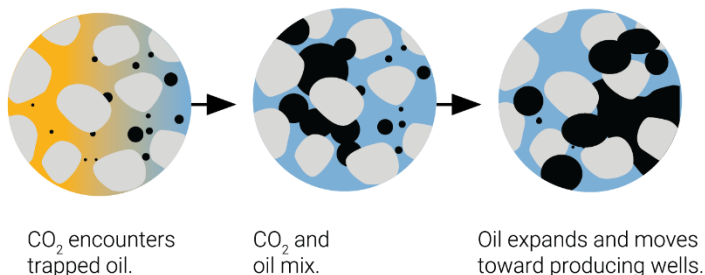
We inject CO<sub>2</sub> in liquid form at high pressure into the producing formation 1,500 meters underground. Injecting CO<sub>2</sub> deep underground safely stores carbon.

**3X** 1,500 meters is equivalent to three times the height of the CN Tower in Toronto.



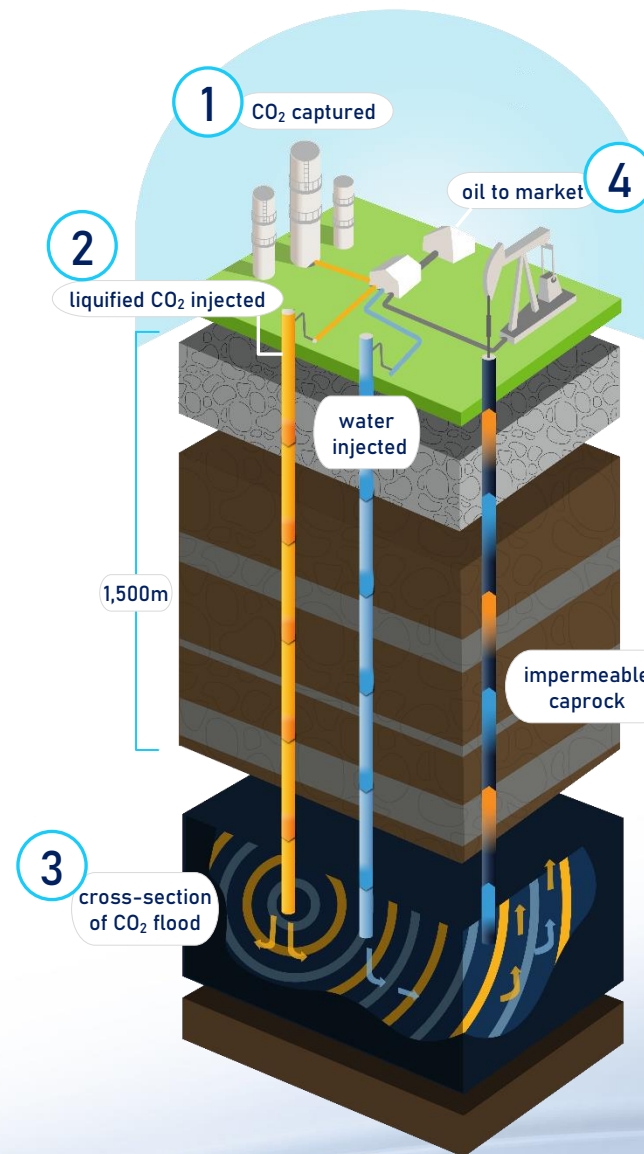
## 3. Sustainable Oil Production

The CO<sub>2</sub> acts like a solvent to flush otherwise unrecoverable oil from pores in the rock. This results in incremental oil production that could not be achieved with conventional means.



## 4. Extracting Valuable Products

At the surface, oil and natural gas liquids are extracted for sale. The CO<sub>2</sub> produced during oil recovery is returned to the reservoir so that all injected CO<sub>2</sub> is permanently stored deep underground.





## Slide 2

1. Current shares outstanding as at December 31, 2023, and 6.1 million share awards outstanding.
2. Enterprise value is a supplementary financial measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
3. Enterprise value calculated based on fully diluted common shares outstanding as at December 31, 2023, a share price of \$9.00 and Q4/23 net debt of \$1.39 billion.
4. Net debt is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
5. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
6. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
7. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).
8. Expenditures on property, plant and equipment also referred to as "Capital Expenditures" or "Capital Spending" or "Capital Investments" or "Development Capital".
9. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on production.

## Slide 3

1. Funds flow is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
2. Free funds flow are non-GAAP financial measures. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
3. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on production, reserves, production replacement and reserve life index.
4. Production per share is the Company's total crude oil, NGL and natural gas production volumes for the applicable period divided by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the applicable period. Production per share growth is determined in comparison to the applicable comparative period.
5. Net debt is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
6. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
7. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
8. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).
9. "Debt-adjusted reserves per share" is calculated as year end reserves divided by year end fully diluted shares plus the annual change in net debt divided by the average annual share price. Debt-adjusted reserves per share growth is determined in comparison to the year end reserves divided by year end fully diluted shares from the applicable comparative period.

## Slide 5

1. Expenditures on property, plant and equipment also referred to as "Capital Expenditures" or "Capital Spending" or "Capital Investments" or "Development Capital".
2. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on production.
3. Production per share is calculated based on the weighted average diluted shares outstanding in the period.
4. Funds flow is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
5. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
6. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
7. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).

## Slide 7

1. Funds flow is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
2. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
3. Expenditures on property, plant and equipment also referred to as “Capital Expenditures” or “Capital Spending” or “Capital Investments”.
4. Production per share is calculated based on the weighted average diluted shares outstanding in the period.
5. Maintenance capital is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.

## Slide 8

1. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.

## Slide 9

1. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on production, payout and profit to investment ratios.
2. Corporate drilling inventory is based on the first year (IP365) production additions of each identified drilling location (booked and unbooked). Years of corporate drilling inventory equates to the number of years for the required annual production additions (calculated using forecast decline rates plus annual production growth based on specified rate) to equate to the corporate drilling inventory.

## Slide 10

1. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
2. Share repurchases are under the normal course issuer bid which allows for up to 59.7 million shares to May 22, 2024.
3. NCIB = Normal Course Issuer Bid
4. Net debt is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
5. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company’s credit agreements.
6. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company’s credit agreements.
7. Copies of the Company’s credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).

### Slide 7 & 10 Price Assumptions

2024 Oil (US\$WTI)	\$50	\$75	\$100
2024 FX (C\$/US\$)	\$0.69	\$0.75	\$0.77
2024 Oil (C\$/bbl)	\$72.46	\$100.00	\$129.87
2024 AECO (C\$/GJ)	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00

## Slide 11

1. Net debt is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
2. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
3. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
4. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).
5. Fixed rate debt includes interest rate swap contracts applied to bank debt.

## Slide 12

1. Hedge positions current to February 21, 2024.

### Notes

(i) Prices reported are the weighted average prices for the period.

Percent of net royalty volumes hedged are based on Whitecap production of 167,500 boe/d for 2024 and 175,000 boe/d for 2025.

2. Full hedge positions by product are:

WTI Crude Oil	Term	Volume (bbls/d)	Bought Put Price (C\$/bbl) <sup>(i)</sup>	Sold Call Price (C\$/bbl) <sup>(i)</sup>	Swap Price (C\$/bbl) <sup>(i)</sup>
Collar	2024 Jan – Dec	5,000	82.00	116.98	
Swap	2024 Jan – Jun	4,000			99.26
Swap	2024 Jan – Dec	6,000			110.13
Swap	2024 Jul – Dec	3,000			98.33
Swap	2025 Jan – Jun	3,000			102.18
Swap	2025 Jan – Dec	8,000			99.73
Swap	2025 Jul – Dec	1,000			100.05

Natural Gas	Term	Volume (GJ/d)	Bought Put Price (C\$/GJ) <sup>(i)</sup>	Sold Call Price (C\$/GJ) <sup>(i)</sup>	Swap Price (C\$/GJ) <sup>(i)</sup>
Swap	2024 Jan – Mar	20,000			3.13
Swap	2024 Jan – Dec	37,000			3.16
Swap	2024 Apr – Oct	25,000			2.56
Swap	2024 Nov – 2025 Mar	10,000			3.58
Swap	2025 Jan – Dec	60,000			3.42

## Slide 13-16

1. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations, production and NPV.
2. Payout is a non-GAAP measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
3. Profit to Investment is a non-GAAP ratio. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
4. Alberta Montney Acreage Sources: Company Reports, Peters & Co. Limited and XI Technologies.
5. Operating netback and free funds flow are non-GAAP financial measures. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.

## Slide 17

1. Payout is a non-GAAP measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
2. Whitecap Montney type curves represent a weighted average of regional type curves that meet the following payout criteria:

Type Curve	Payout Criteria	Weighted Average	% of Inventory
WCP Montney A	< 0.5 years	0.39	2%
WCP Montney B	0.5 - 0.75 years	0.64	10%
WCP Montney C	0.75 - 1.0 years	0.82	26%

## Slide 19

1. Funds flow is a capital management measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
2. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on production.
3. Reserves for 2010-2023 are based on McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd.'s ("McDaniel") reserves evaluation reports effective December 31 of the respective year in accordance with NI 51-101 and the COGE Handbook.
4. For production and TPP reserves, the constituent product types and their respective quantities may be found in the Annual Information Form for the respective year, copies of which may be accessed through the SEDAR website ([www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com)).
5. CAGR is the compound annual growth rate representing the measure of annual growth over multiple time periods.

## Slide 20

1. See *Oil and Gas Advisory* in the Advisories for additional information on drilling locations.
2. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. See Specified Financial Measures in the Advisories.
3. The debt used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation includes bank indebtedness, senior secured notes, letters of credit, and dividends declared in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
4. The EBITDA used in the Debt to EBITDA calculation is adjusted for non-cash items, transaction costs and extraordinary and non-recurring items such as material acquisitions or dispositions in accordance with the Company's credit agreements.
5. Copies of the Company's credit agreements may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).

## Slide 22

1. CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and storage are based on gross operated numbers. Whitecap has a 65.3% operated working interest in the Weyburn Unit.
2. Currently have the supply and pipeline capacity to increase annual carbon sequestered to 4 MT.
3. Potential capacity includes unit extensions at Weyburn that may or may not be currently owned.
4. Whitecap potential capacity includes gross CO<sub>2</sub> sequestration capacity on lands and/or units that Whitecap has a working interest in.

## Appendix

### Slide 28

1. CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and storage are based on gross operated numbers. Whitecap has a 65.3% operated working interest in the Weyburn Unit.

### Slide 29

1. CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and storage are based on gross operated numbers. Whitecap has a 65.3% operated working interest in the Weyburn Unit.
2. A copy of the Canadian Council of Forest Ministers fact sheet may be accessed through the Sustainable Forest Management in Canada website ([www.sfmcanada.org](http://www.sfmcanada.org)).

## *Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Forward-Looking Information*

This presentation contains forward-looking statements and forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws relating to the Company's plans and other aspects of our anticipated future operations, management focus, strategies, financial, operating and production results and business opportunities. Forward-looking information typically uses words such as "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "trend", "sustain", "project", "expect", "forecast", "budget", "goal", "guidance", "plan", "objective", "strategy", "target", "intend", "estimate", "potential", or similar words suggesting future outcomes, statements that actions, events or conditions "may", "would", "could" or "will" be taken or occur in the future, including statements about our strategy, plans, focus, objectives, priorities, position. In particular, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this presentation contains forward-looking information with respect to: our 2024 production and capital guidance; that our second half 2024 capital program is flexible; our 2024 capital guidance by division, production per share growth, funds flow and free funds flow; that significant free funds flow supports return of capital framework; that we have significant liquidity to manage commodity price volatility; that our significant liquidity provides financial flexibility, that our inventory has quick capital payouts and strong profit to investment ratios; the size and duration of corporate drilling inventory; that we have over 25 years of sustainable growth and profitability; that our dividend and maintenance capital is fully funded at US\$50/bbl WTI and \$2.00/GJ AECO and the underlying assumptions; the return of capital framework, including the objectives, dividend and free funds flow allocation targets, and the benefits to be derived from our return of capital framework; hedging objectives and the benefits to be derived from our hedging program; that Northern Alberta will be the driver of corporate long-term growth; that we are targeting organic production growth to over 210,000 boe/d, including 110,000 boe/d in the West Division and 100,000 boe/d in the East Division by the end of 2028; the number of drilling locations and the breakdown by Division and location type; that the Montney has highly economic wells with commodity optionality to pivot during cycles; that new infrastructure at Musreau and future builds at Lator will efficiently support future growth; that the Duvernay has highly economic wells providing 20+ years of inventory; that increasing the utilization of the WCP owned 15-07 gas processing facility to 90% by the end of 2025 will improve our netback by 8%; that our Viking and Frobisher assets are characterized by high returns and short payouts; our belief that we have large resource with strong economics across commodity cycles, which drives increased profitability and enhanced return of capital to shareholders; that our inventory has short capital payouts and strong profit to investment ratios; that dividend increases will be commensurate with production per share growth; the timing and anticipated benefits of our Saskatchewan and Alberta Carbon Hub proposals; and the timing of our ESG targets. Statements relating to "reserves" are also deemed to be forward-looking statements, as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions, that the reserves described exist in the quantities predicted or estimated and that the reserves can be profitably produced in the future.

The forward-looking information is based on certain key expectations and assumptions made by our management, including: that we will continue to conduct our operations in a manner consistent with past operations except as specifically noted herein (and for greater certainty, the forward-looking information contained herein excludes the potential impact of any acquisitions or dispositions that we may complete in the future); the general continuance or improvement in current industry conditions; the continuance of existing (and in certain circumstances, the implementation of proposed) tax, royalty and regulatory regimes; expectations and assumptions concerning prevailing and forecast commodity prices, exchange rates, interest rates, inflation rates, applicable royalty rates and tax laws, including the assumptions specifically set forth herein; the ability of OPEC+ nations and other major producers of crude oil to adjust crude oil production levels and thereby manage world crude oil prices; the impact (and the duration thereof) of the ongoing military actions in the Middle East and between Russia and Ukraine and related sanctions on crude oil, NGLs and natural gas prices; the impact of rising and/or sustained high inflation rates and interest rates on the North American and world economies and the corresponding impact on our costs, our profitability, and on crude oil, NGLs and natural gas prices; future production rates and estimates of operating costs and development capital, including as specifically set forth herein; performance of existing and future wells; reserve volumes and net present values thereof; anticipated timing and results of capital expenditures / development capital, including as specifically set forth herein; the success obtained in drilling new wells; the sufficiency of budgeted capital expenditures in carrying out planned activities; the timing, location and extent of future drilling operations; the state of the economy and the exploration and production business; results of operations; performance; business prospects and opportunities; the availability and cost of financing, labour and services; future dividend levels and share repurchase levels; the impact of increasing competition; ability to efficiently integrate assets and employees acquired through acquisitions; ability to market oil and natural gas successfully; our ability to access capital and the cost and terms thereof; that we will not be forced to shut-in production due to weather events such as wildfires, floods or extreme hot or cold temperatures; and that we will be successful in defending against previously disclosed and ongoing reassessments received from the Canada Revenue Agency and assessments received from the Alberta Tax and Revenue Administration.

In addition, this presentation contains various assumptions regarding future commodity prices, exchange rates, capital expenditures, net debt levels, free cash flow levels and other matters that are located proximate to the aforementioned forward-looking information.

Although we believe that the expectations and assumptions on which such forward-looking information is based are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on the forward-looking information because Whitecap can give no assurance that they will prove to be correct. Since forward-looking information addresses future events and conditions, by its very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. These include, but are not limited to: the risk that the funds that we ultimately return to shareholders through dividends and/or share buybacks is less than currently anticipated and/or is delayed, whether due to the risks identified herein or otherwise; the risk that any of our material assumptions prove to be materially inaccurate, including our 2024 forecasts (including for commodity prices and exchange rates); the risks associated with the oil and gas industry in general such as operational risks in development, exploration and production including the risk that weather events such as wildfires, flooding, droughts or extreme hot or cold temperatures forces us to shut-in production or otherwise adversely affects our operations; pandemics and epidemics; delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures; the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to reserves, production, costs and expenses; risks associated with increasing costs, whether due to high inflation rates, high interest rates, supply chain disruptions or other factors; health, safety and environmental risks; commodity price and exchange rate fluctuations; interest rate fluctuations; inflation rate fluctuations; marketing and transportation; loss of markets; environmental risks; competition; incorrect assessment of the value of acquisitions; failure to complete or realize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions or dispositions; ability to access sufficient capital from internal and external sources on acceptable terms or at all; failure to obtain required regulatory and other approvals; reliance on third parties and pipeline systems; changes in legislation, including but not limited to tax laws, production curtailment, royalties and environmental regulations; the risk that we do not successfully defend against previously disclosed and ongoing reassessments received from the Canada Revenue Agency and assessments received from the Alberta Tax and Revenue Administration and are required to pay additional taxes, interest and penalties as a result; and the risk that the amount of future cash dividends paid by us and/or shares repurchased for cancellation by us, if any, will be subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and may vary depending on a variety of factors and conditions existing from time to time, including, among other things, fluctuations in commodity prices, production levels, capital expenditure requirements, debt service requirements, operating costs, royalty burdens, foreign exchange rates, contractual restrictions contained in our debt agreements, and the satisfaction of the liquidity and solvency tests imposed by applicable corporate law for the declaration and payment of dividends and/or the repurchase of shares – depending on these and various other factors, many of which will be beyond our control, our dividend policy and/or share buyback policy and, as a result, future cash dividends and/or share buybacks, could be reduced or suspended entirely.

Our actual results, performance or achievement could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking information and, accordingly, no assurance can be given that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking information will transpire or occur, or if any of them do so, what benefits that we will derive therefrom. Management has included the above summary of assumptions and risks related to forward-looking information provided in this presentation in order to provide security holders with a more complete perspective on our future operations and such information may not be appropriate for other purposes.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing lists of factors are not exhaustive. Additional information on these and other factors that could affect our operations or financial results are included in reports on file with applicable securities regulatory authorities and may be accessed through the SEDAR+ website ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)).

These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this presentation and we disclaim any intent or obligation to update publicly any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, other than as required by applicable securities laws.



This presentation contains future-oriented financial information and financial outlook information (collectively, "FOFI") about our 2024 forecast capital spending (and allocation thereof), production volumes, funds flow, and free funds flow; the percent of free funds flow to be returned to shareholders based on our return of capital framework and the timing thereof; our free funds flow sensitivity to a US\$5.00/bbl change in WTI, a C\$0.50/GJ change in AECO and a \$0.01 change in the USD/CAD foreign exchange rate; our 2024 free funds flow and return of capital sensitivity at US\$50/bbl WTI, US\$75/bbl WTI and US\$100/bbl WTI; our capital spending assumption at US\$50/bbl WTI; our 2024 forecast capital spending by division and certain details thereof; the single well economics of certain assets including drill, complete, equip and tie-in costs and NPV (10%) all of which are subject to the same assumptions, risk factors, limitations, and qualifications as set forth in the above slides. The actual results of operations of Whitecap and the resulting financial results will likely vary from the amounts set forth herein and such variation may be material. Whitecap and its management believe that the FOFI has been prepared on a reasonable basis, reflecting management's best estimates and judgments. However, because this information is subjective and subject to numerous risks, it should not be relied on as necessarily indicative of future results. Except as required by applicable securities laws, Whitecap undertakes no obligation to update such FOFI. FOFI contained in this presentation was made as of the date of this presentation and was provided for the purpose of providing further information about Whitecap's anticipated future business operations. Readers are cautioned that the FOFI contained in this presentation should not be used for purposes other than for which it is disclosed herein.

Additionally, readers are advised that historical results, growth, acquisitions and dispositions described in this presentation may not be reflective of future results, growth, acquisitions and dispositions with respect to Whitecap.

The assumptions used for the 2024 forecast funds flow netbacks (\$/boe) used on slides 5 & 7 of this presentation are as follows (based on the mid-point where applicable). All other references to current and/or 2024 forecast funds flow in this presentation utilize the same underlying assumptions/forecasts with the following being impacted by the various commodity price scenarios contemplated throughout this presentation: petroleum and natural gas revenues, realized hedging gains/losses, royalties and cash taxes.

	2024
WTI (US\$/bbl)	\$75.00
AECO (C\$/GJ)	\$2.00
Petroleum and natural gas revenues	\$58.00
Tariffs	(\$0.50)
Processing income	\$0.75
Realized hedging gains (losses)	\$0.64
Royalties	(\$9.38)
Operating expenses	(\$14.00)
Transportation expenses	(\$2.10)
General and administrative expenses	(\$1.00)
Interest and financing expenses	(\$1.50)
Cash settled share awards	(\$0.50) - (\$0.60)
Cash taxes	(\$3.00) - (\$4.00)
Decommissioning liabilities	(\$0.65)

## Oil and Gas Advisory

All reserve references in this press release are "Company share reserves". Company share reserves are our total working interest reserves before the deduction of any royalties and including any royalty interests payable to the Company.

There is no assurance that the forecast prices and costs assumptions will be attained, and variances could be material. The recovery and reserve estimates of the crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas reserves provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. Actual crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids reserves may be greater than or less than the estimates provided herein.

## Oil and Gas Advisory (cont'd)

### Barrel of Oil Equivalency

"Boe" means barrel of oil equivalent. All boe conversions in this press release are derived by converting gas to oil at the ratio of six thousand cubic feet ("Mcf") of natural gas to one barrel ("Bbl") of oil. Boe may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A Boe conversion rate of 1 Bbl : 6 Mcf is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Given that the value ratio of oil compared to natural gas based on currently prevailing prices is significantly different than the energy equivalency ratio of 1 Bbl : 6 Mcf, utilizing a conversion ratio of 1 Bbl : 6 Mcf may be misleading as an indication of value.

### Oil and Gas Metrics

This presentation contains metrics commonly used in the oil and natural gas industry which have been prepared by management, such as "operating netback", "payout", "production replacement", "profit to investment ratio", and "reserve life index". These terms do not have a standardized meaning and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies, and therefore should not be used to make such comparisons.

"Payout" or "half-cycle payout" is calculated by the time period for the operating netback of a well to equate to the individual cost of the well. Management uses payout as a measure of capital efficiency of a well to make capital allocation decisions.

"Production replacement ratio" or "production replacement" is calculated as total reserve additions (including acquisition net of dispositions) divided by annual production.

"Profit to investment ratio" is calculated by dividing the NPV of a well by the individual well cost. NPV is a supplementary financial measure. Management uses profit to investment ratio to make capital allocation decisions.

"Reserve life index" or "RLI" is calculated as total Company share reserves divided by annualized fourth quarter actual production.

Management uses these oil and gas metrics for its own performance measurements and to provide shareholders with measures to compare our operations over time. Readers are cautioned that the information provided by these metrics, or that can be derived from the metrics presented in this press release, should not be relied upon for investment or other purposes.

## Oil and Gas Advisory (cont'd)

### Drilling Locations

This press release discloses drilling inventory in two categories: (i) booked locations (proved and probable); and (ii) unbooked locations. Booked locations represent the summation of proved and probable locations, which are derived from McDaniel's reserves evaluation effective December 31, 2023 and account for drilling locations that have associated proved and/or probable reserves, as applicable. Unbooked locations are internal estimates based on our prospective acreage and an assumption as to the number of wells that can be drilled per section based on industry practice and internal review. Unbooked locations do not have attributed reserves or resources.

The following table provides a detailed breakdown of the current Whitecap net drilling locations included in this presentation:

	Total Net Drilling Inventory	Proved Locations	Probable Locations	Unbooked Locations
Total	5,619	1,374	271	3,974
West	2,476	316	124	2,036
East	3,143	1,058	147	1,938
Montney	2,045	171	83	1,791
Duvernay	168	55	19	94

### Production & Product Type Information

References to petroleum, crude oil, natural gas liquids ("NGLs"), natural gas and average daily production in this presentation refer to the light and medium crude oil, tight crude oil, conventional natural gas, shale gas and NGLs product types, as applicable, as defined in National Instrument 51-101 ("NI 51-101").

NI 51-101 includes condensate within the natural gas liquids ("NGLs") product type. The Company has disclosed condensate as combined with crude oil and separately from other natural gas liquids since the price of condensate as compared to other natural gas liquids is currently significantly higher and the Company believes that this crude oil and condensate presentation provides a more accurate description of its operations and results therefrom. Crude oil therefore refers to light oil, medium oil, tight oil and condensate. NGLs refers to ethane, propane, butane and pentane combined. Natural gas refers to conventional natural gas and shale gas combined.

The Company's average production disclosed in this presentation consist of the following product types, as defined in NI 51-101 and using a conversion ratio of 1 Bbl : 6 Mcf where applicable:

	Light and Medium Oil (bbls/d)	Tight Oil / Condensate (bbls/d)	NGLs (bbls/d)	Shale Gas (Mcf/d)	Conventional Natural Gas (Mcf/d)	Total (boe/d)
2023	75,432	10,286	17,296	171,178	149,744	156,501
2024	75,000	14,200	17,800	217,000	146,000	167,500

## Specified Financial Measures

This presentation includes various specified financial measures, including non-GAAP financial measures, non-GAAP ratios, capital management measures and supplementary financial measures as further described herein. These financial measures are not standardized financial measures under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS" or, alternatively, "GAAP") and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar financial measures disclosed by other companies.

"Enterprise value" is a supplementary financial measure and is calculated as market capitalization plus net debt. Management believes that enterprise value provides a useful measure of the market value of Whitecap's debt and equity.

"Free funds flow" is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as funds flow less expenditures on property, plant and equipment ("PP&E"). Management believes that free funds flow provides a useful measure of Whitecap's ability to increase returns to shareholders and to grow the Company's business. Free funds flow is not a standardized financial measure under IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar financial measures disclosed by other entities. The most directly comparable financial measure to free funds flow disclosed in the Company's primary financial statements is cash flow from operating activities. Refer to the "Cash Flow from Operating Activities, Funds Flow and Payout Ratios" section of our management's discussion and analysis for the three months and year ended December 31, 2023 which is incorporated herein by reference, and available on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

"Free funds flow per share" is a non-GAAP ratio calculated by dividing free funds flow by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the relevant period. Free funds flow is a non-GAAP financial measure component of free funds flow per share. Free funds flow per share is not a standardized financial measure under IFRS and therefore may not be comparable with the calculation of similar financial measures disclosed by other entities

## Specified Financial Measures (cont'd)

"Funds flow", "funds flow basic (\$/share)" and "funds flow diluted (\$/share)" are capital management measures and are key measures of operating performance as they demonstrate Whitecap's ability to generate the cash necessary to pay dividends, repay debt, make capital investments, and/or to repurchase common shares under the Company's normal course issuer bid. Management believes that by excluding the temporary impact of changes in non-cash operating working capital, funds flow, funds flow basic (\$/share) and funds flow diluted (\$/share) provide useful measures of Whitecap's ability to generate cash that are not subject to short-term movements in non-cash operating working capital. Whitecap reports funds flow in total and on a per share basis (basic and diluted), which is calculated by dividing funds flow by the weighted average number of basic shares and weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the relevant period. See Note 5(e)(ii) "Capital Management – Funds Flow" in the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the three months and year ended December 31, 2023 for additional disclosures.

"Maintenance capital" is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as the required annual expenditures on PP&E to keep production flat. Management believe that maintenance capital provides a useful measure of the required cash outflow that would maintain the same level of potential earnings.

"Market capitalization" is a supplementary financial measure and is calculated as period end share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding at the end of the period. Management believes that market capitalization provides a useful measure of the market value of Whitecap's equity.

"Net Debt" is a capital management measure that management considers to be key to assessing the Company's liquidity. See Note 5(e)(i) "Capital Management – Net Debt and Total Capitalization" Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the three months and year ended December 31, 2023 for additional disclosures.

"Operating Netback" is a non-GAAP financial measure determined by adding marketing revenues and processing & other income, deducting realized losses on commodity risk management contracts or adding realized gains on commodity risk management contracts and deducting tariffs, royalties, operating expenses, transportation expenses and marketing expenses from petroleum and natural gas revenues. The most directly comparable financial measure to operating netback disclosed in the Company's primary financial statements is petroleum and natural gas sales. Operating netback is a measure used in operational and capital allocation decisions. Operating netback is not a standardized financial measure under IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar financial measures disclosed by other entities. For further information, refer to the "Operating Netbacks" section of our management's discussion and analysis for the three months and year ended December 31, 2023, which is incorporated herein by reference, and available on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

"Production per share" is the Company's total crude oil, NGL and natural gas production volumes for the applicable period divided by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the applicable period.

- ATB Capital Markets
- BMO Capital Markets
- Canaccord Genuity
- CIBC World Markets
- Cormark Securities
- Desjardins Capital Markets
- Haywood Securities
- National Bank Financial
- Peters & Co.
- RBC Capital Markets
- Scotiabank Global
- STIFEL
- TD Securities